



Dynamics and control of incineration processes

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Lesson 2 of “Dynamics and Control of Chemical Processes” – Master Degree in Chemical Engineering



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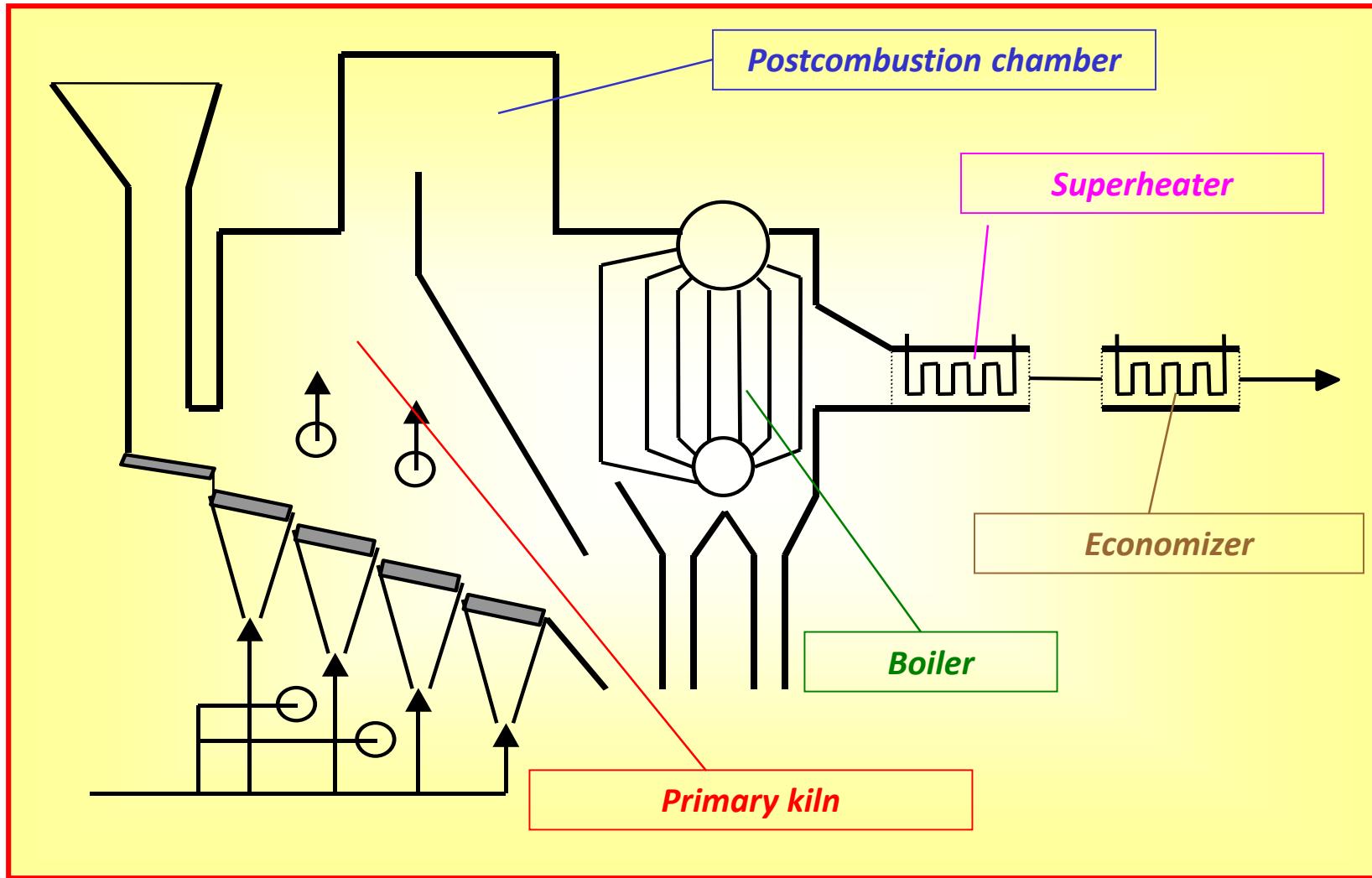
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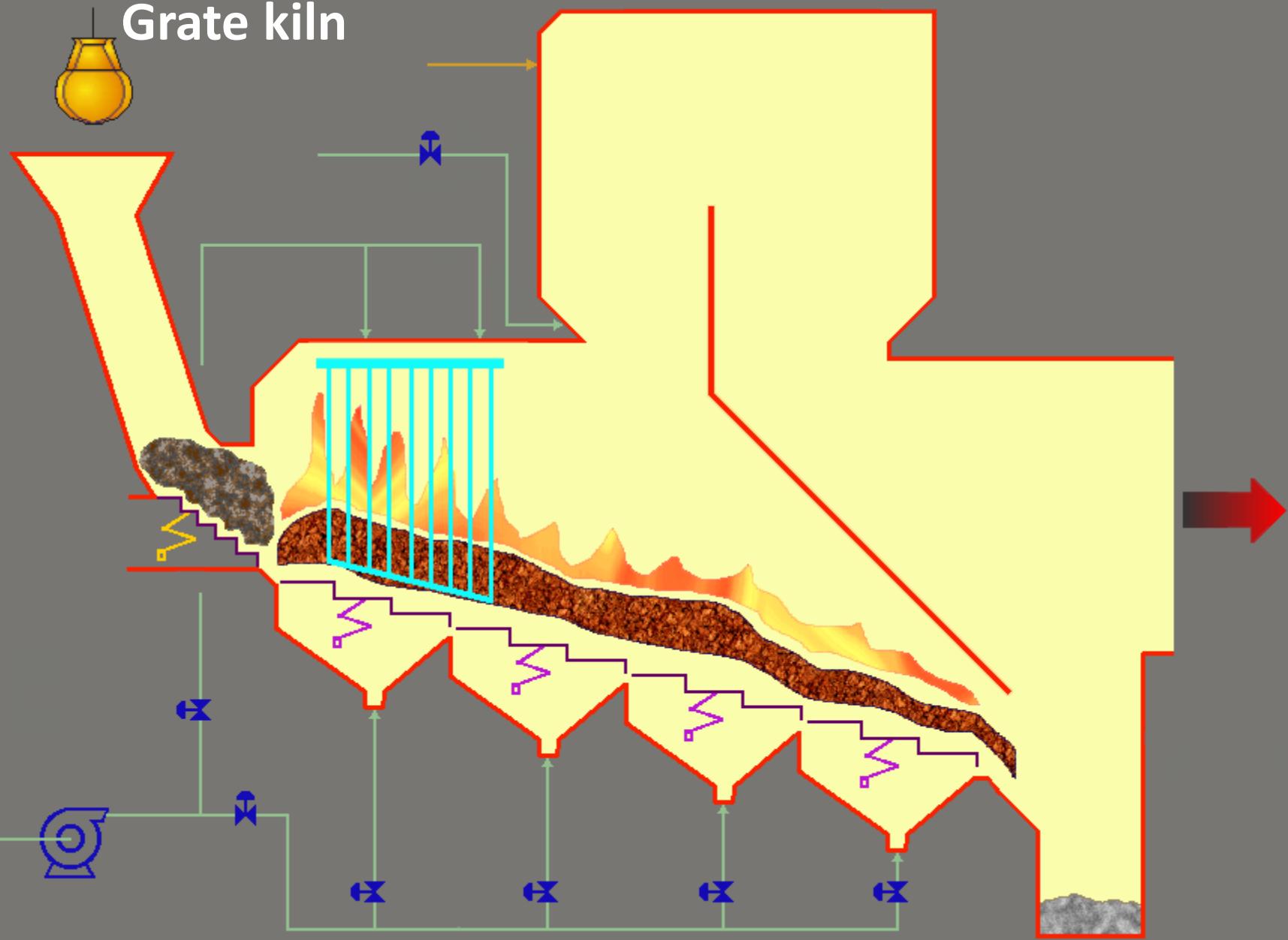


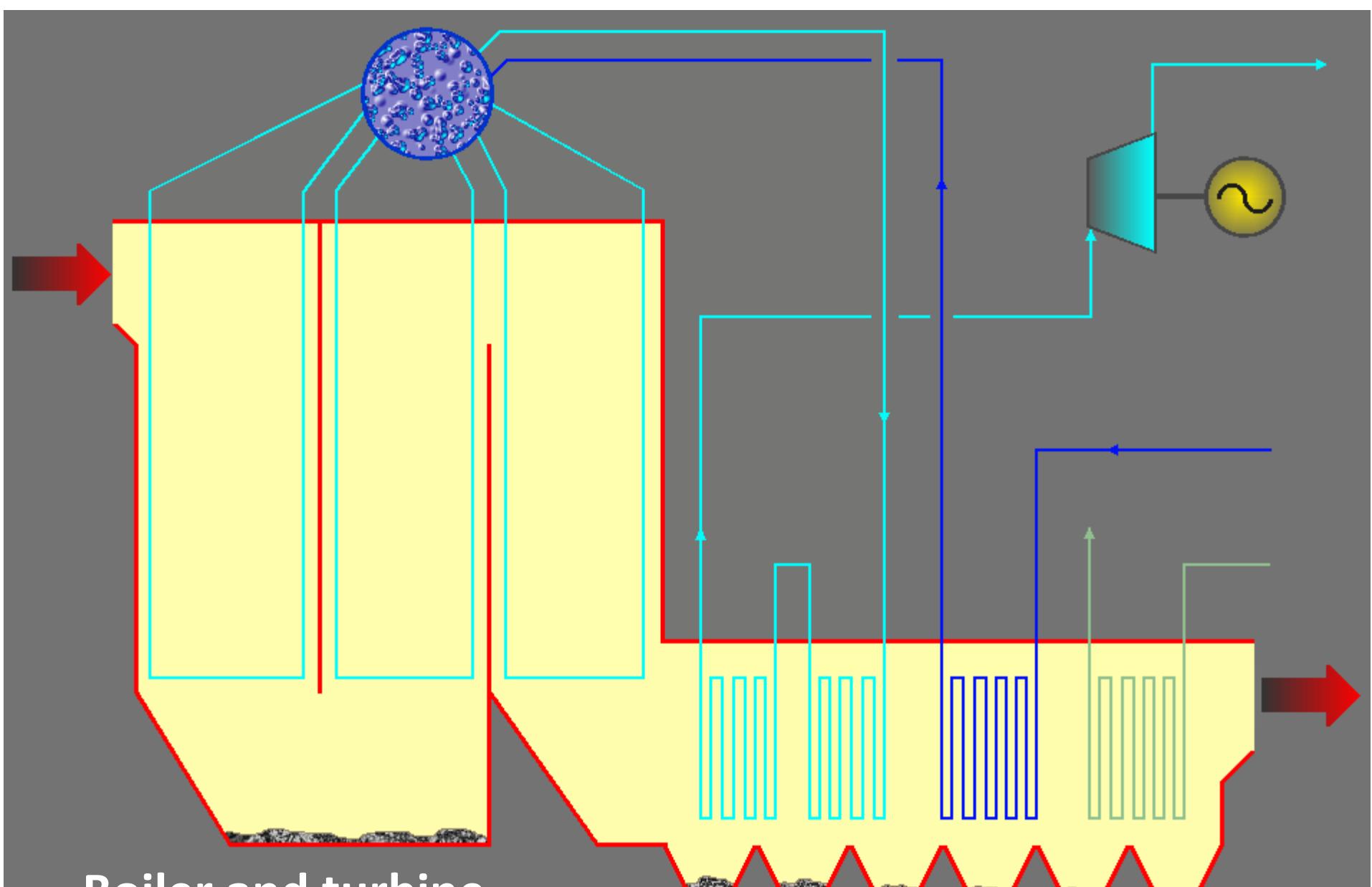


Hot section of an incineration plant



Grate kiln

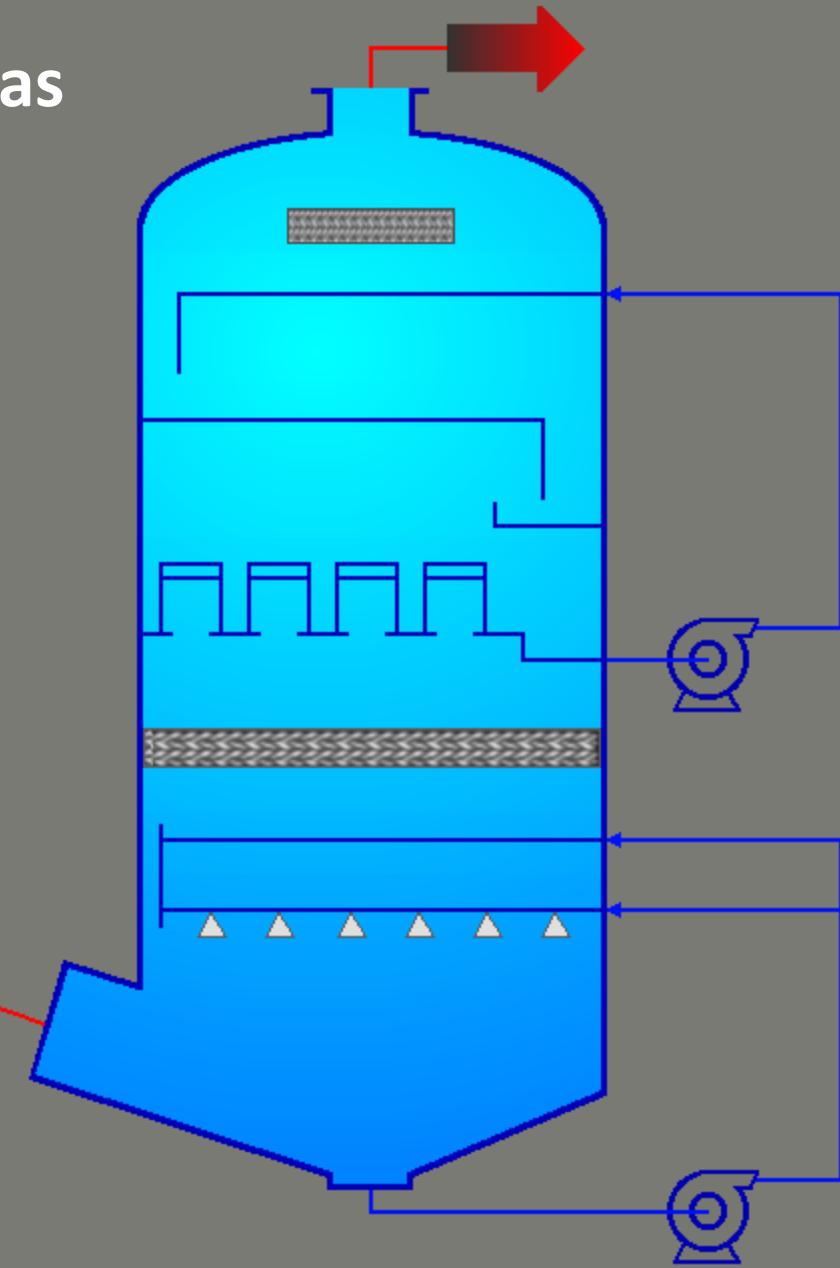
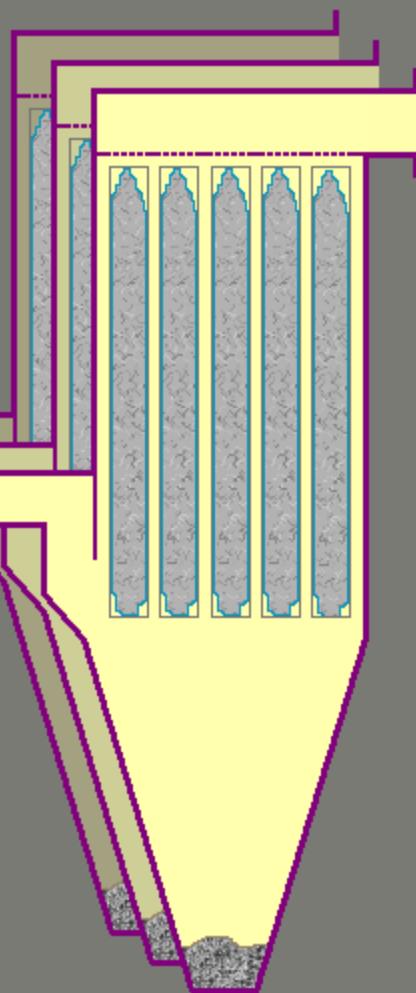




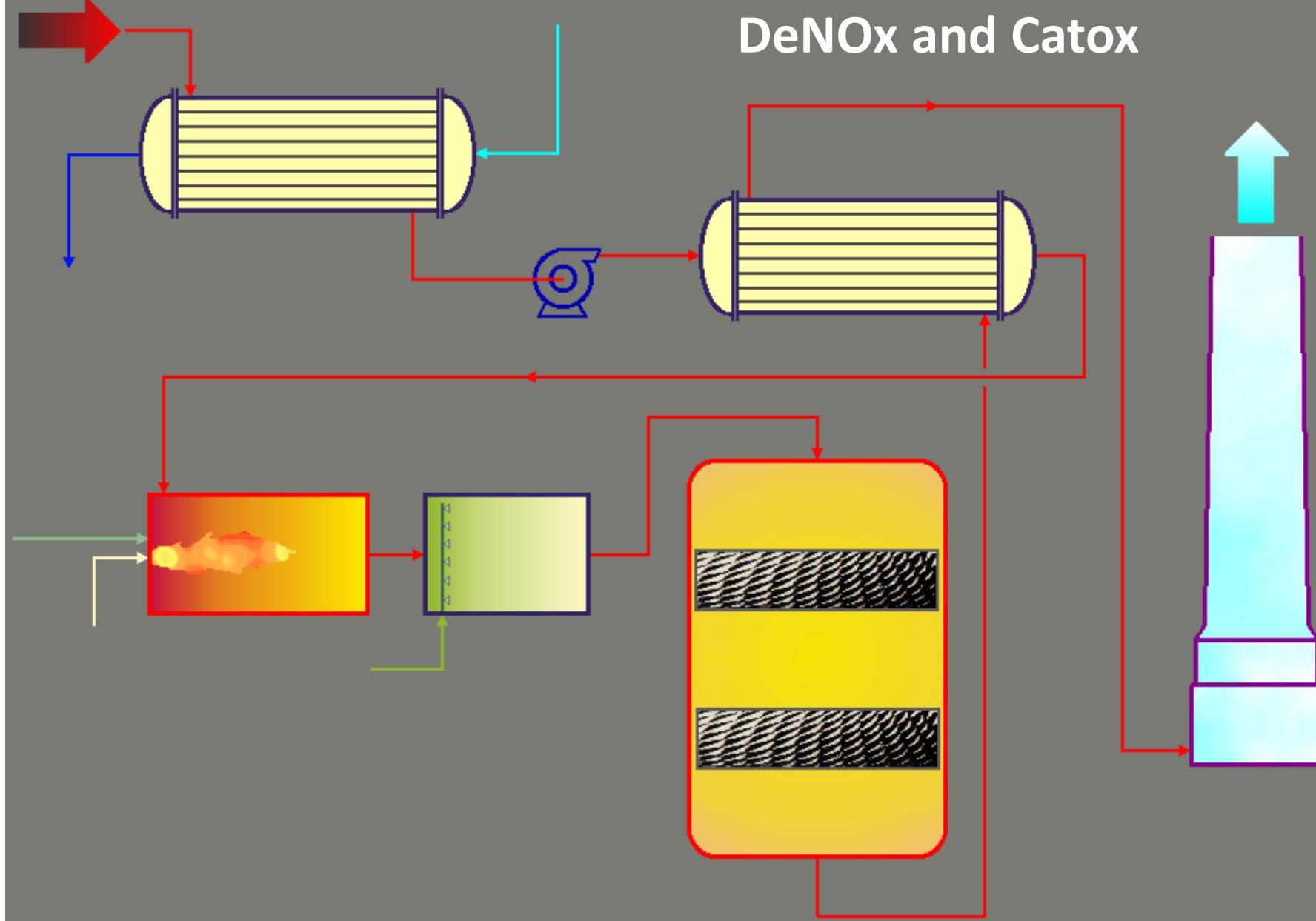
Boiler and turbine



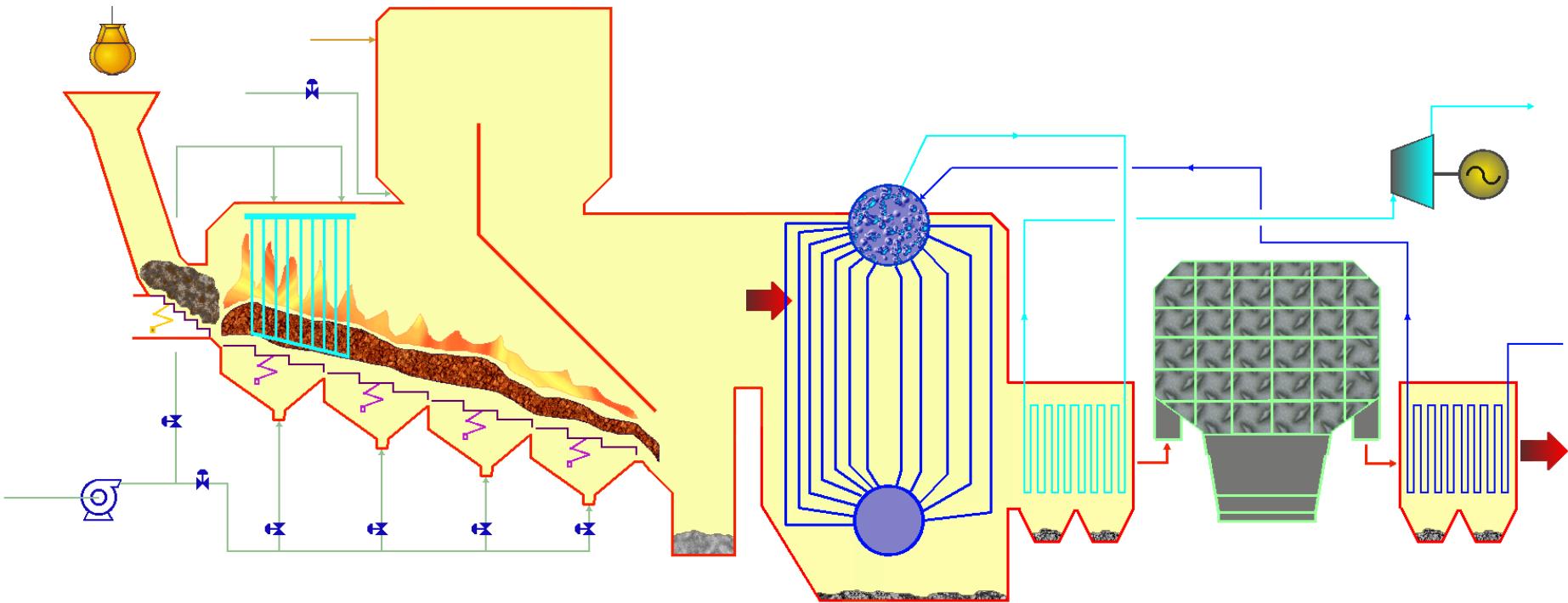
Fabric filter and exhaust gas washing



DeNOx and Catox

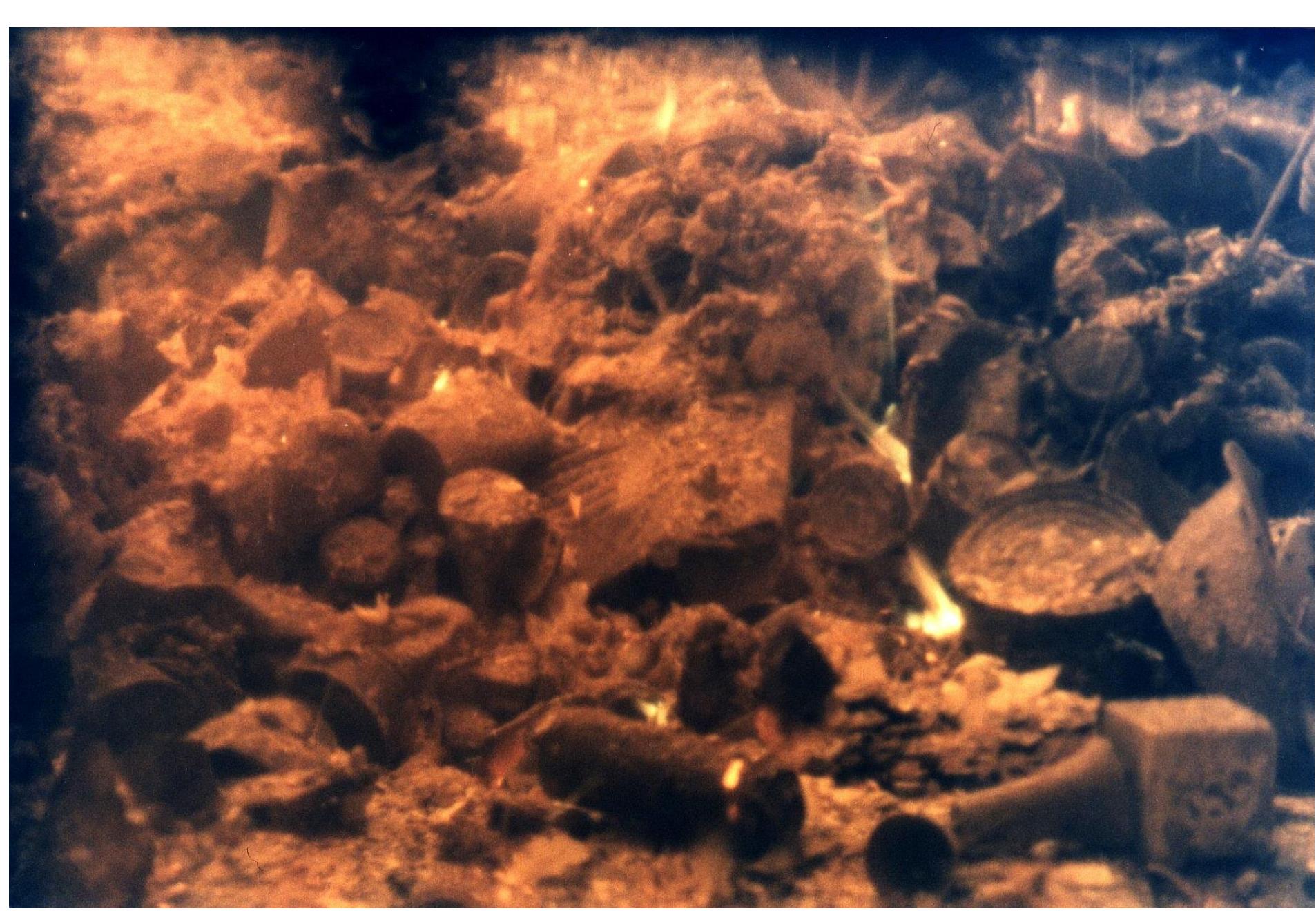


Layout of an incineration plant



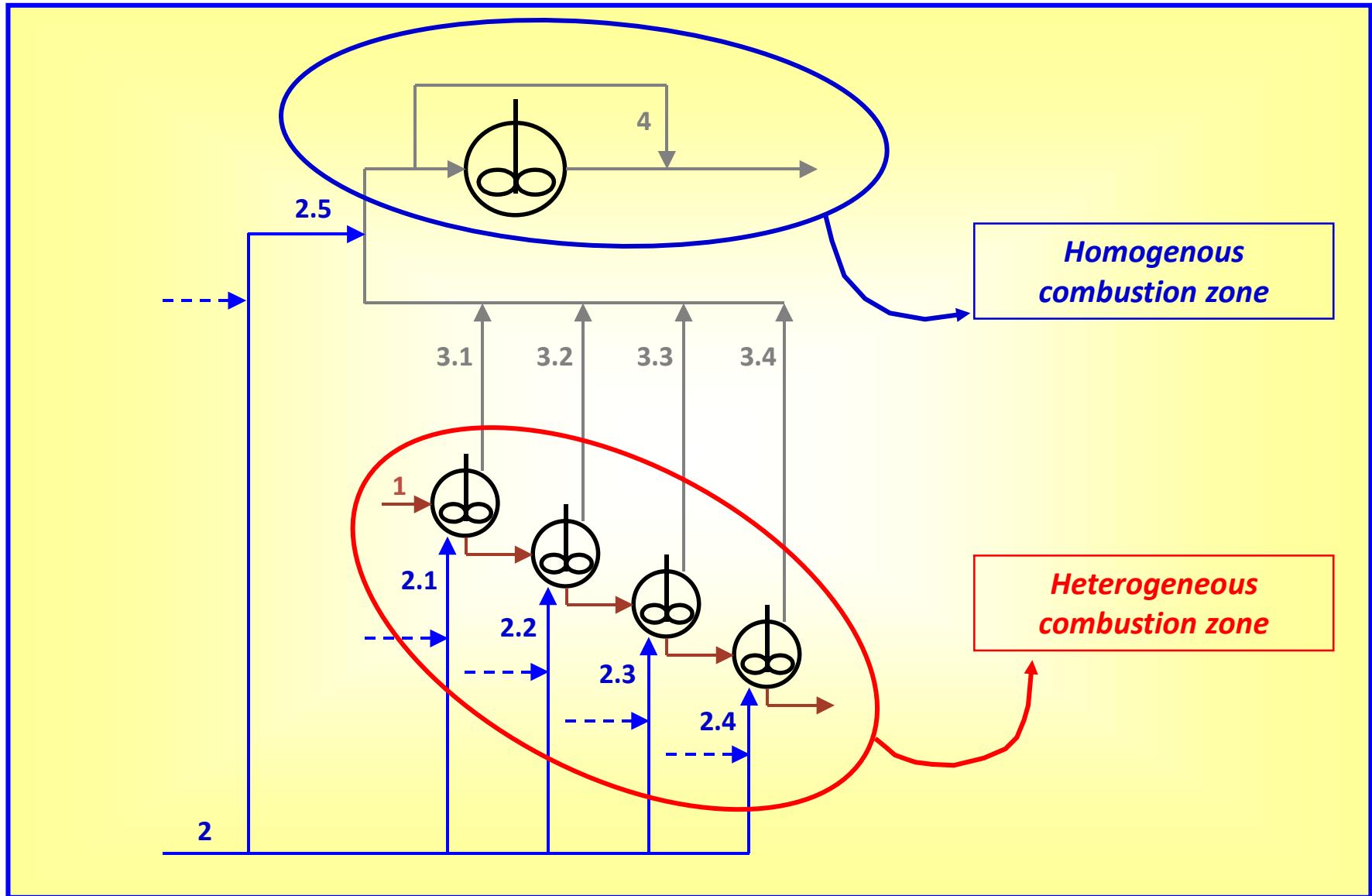
Primary combustion chamber







Primary kiln – Modeling scheme





Primary kiln – Material bal. on the grates

Solid Phase

$$\frac{dM_{RIF,i}}{dt} = F_{RIF,i}^{IN} - F_{RIF,i}^{OUT} - R_{RIF,i}$$

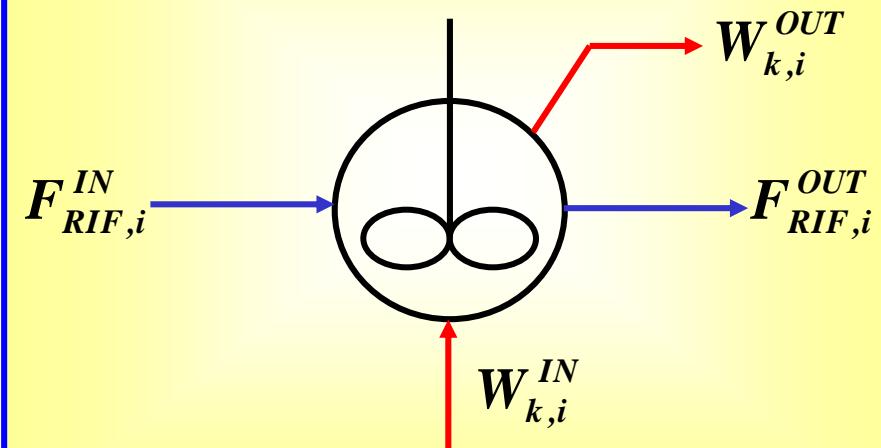
$$i = 1, NG$$

Gas Phase

$$W_{k,i}^{OUT} + \frac{R_{RIF,i}}{PM_{rif}} \cdot x_k - W_{k,i}^{IN} = 0$$

$$k = 1, NC \quad i = 1, NG$$

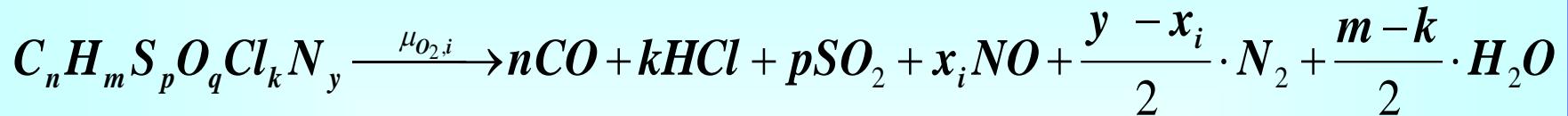
i-th grate



Kinetics



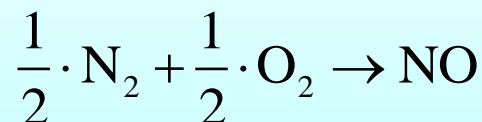
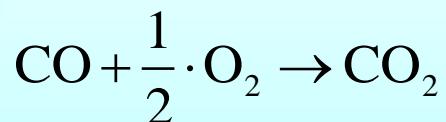
Combustion reaction in the solid phase



$$x_i = \psi_{NO,i} \cdot y$$

$$\psi_{NO,i} = \frac{\frac{2}{1 - \frac{2500 \cdot W_{GNO,i}^{100\%}}{\psi_{NO,i} - T \cdot \exp(-3150/T) \cdot W_{GO_2,i}^{out}} - 1}}{(Bowman, 1975)}$$

Combustion reactions in the gas phase





Primary kiln – Combustion kinetics

Kinetic determining step: O_2 diffusion

$$R_{waste,i} = \frac{k_{x,i} \cdot x_{O_2,i}}{\mu_{O_2,i}} \cdot A_{sc,i}^* \cdot PM_{waste}$$

$\mu_{O_2,i}$ see L2–18 eq. (8)

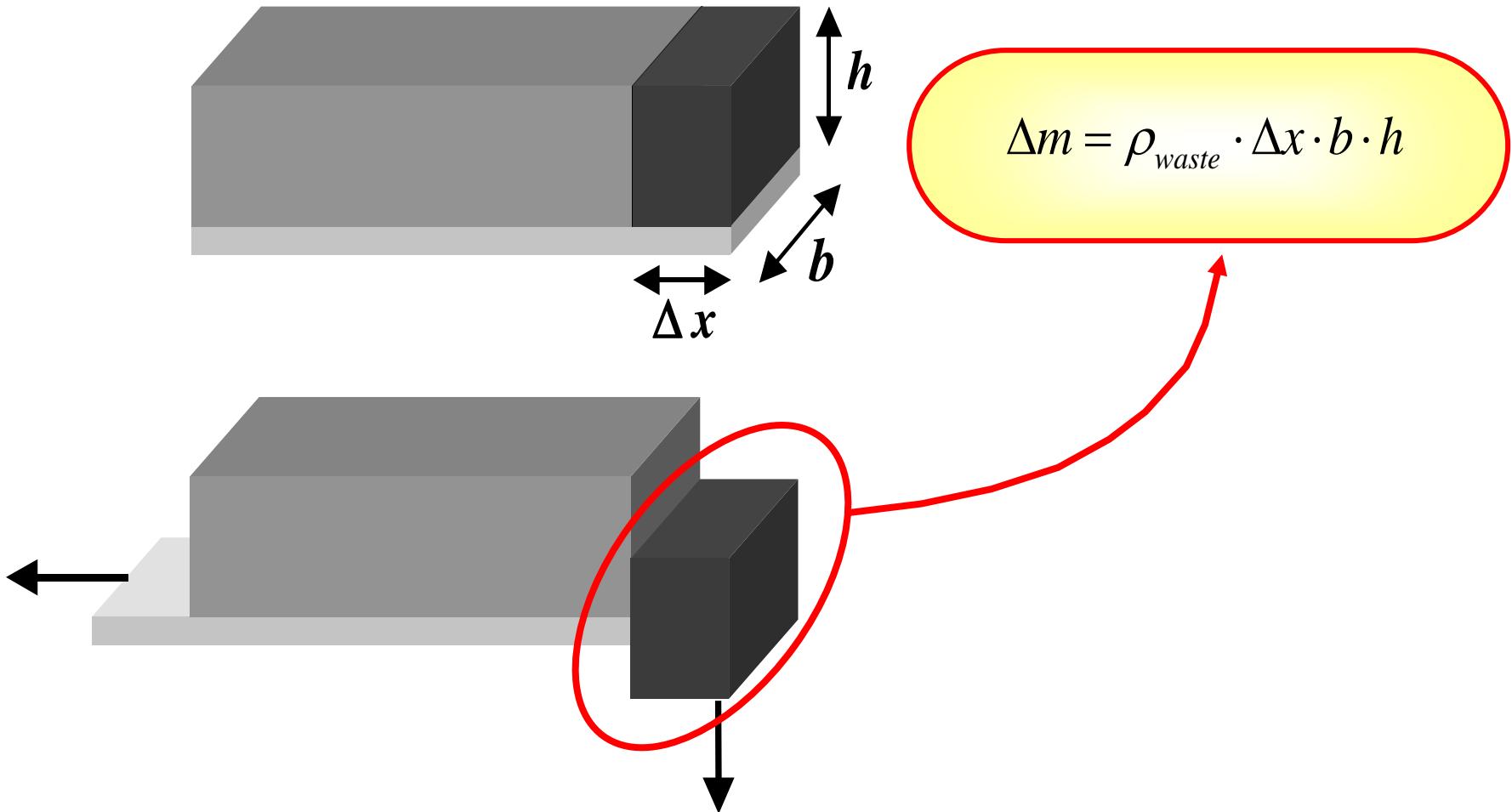
$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} A_{sc,i} = f(d_{p,i}, \varepsilon_i, M_{waste,i}, M_{inerts,i}) \\ k_{x,i} = f(d_{p,i}, \varepsilon_i, W_{aria,i}, x_{k,i}, T) \end{array} \right. \quad \Rightarrow \quad \text{Solid granular bed}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} A_{sc,i}^* = \Gamma_i \cdot A_{sc,i} \\ \Gamma_i = 1 + \delta \cdot \left(1 - \exp \left(- \frac{N_{CG,i}}{\lambda} \right) \right) \end{array} \right. \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{Corrective factor with adaptive} \\ \text{parameters} \end{array} \quad \delta, \lambda$$





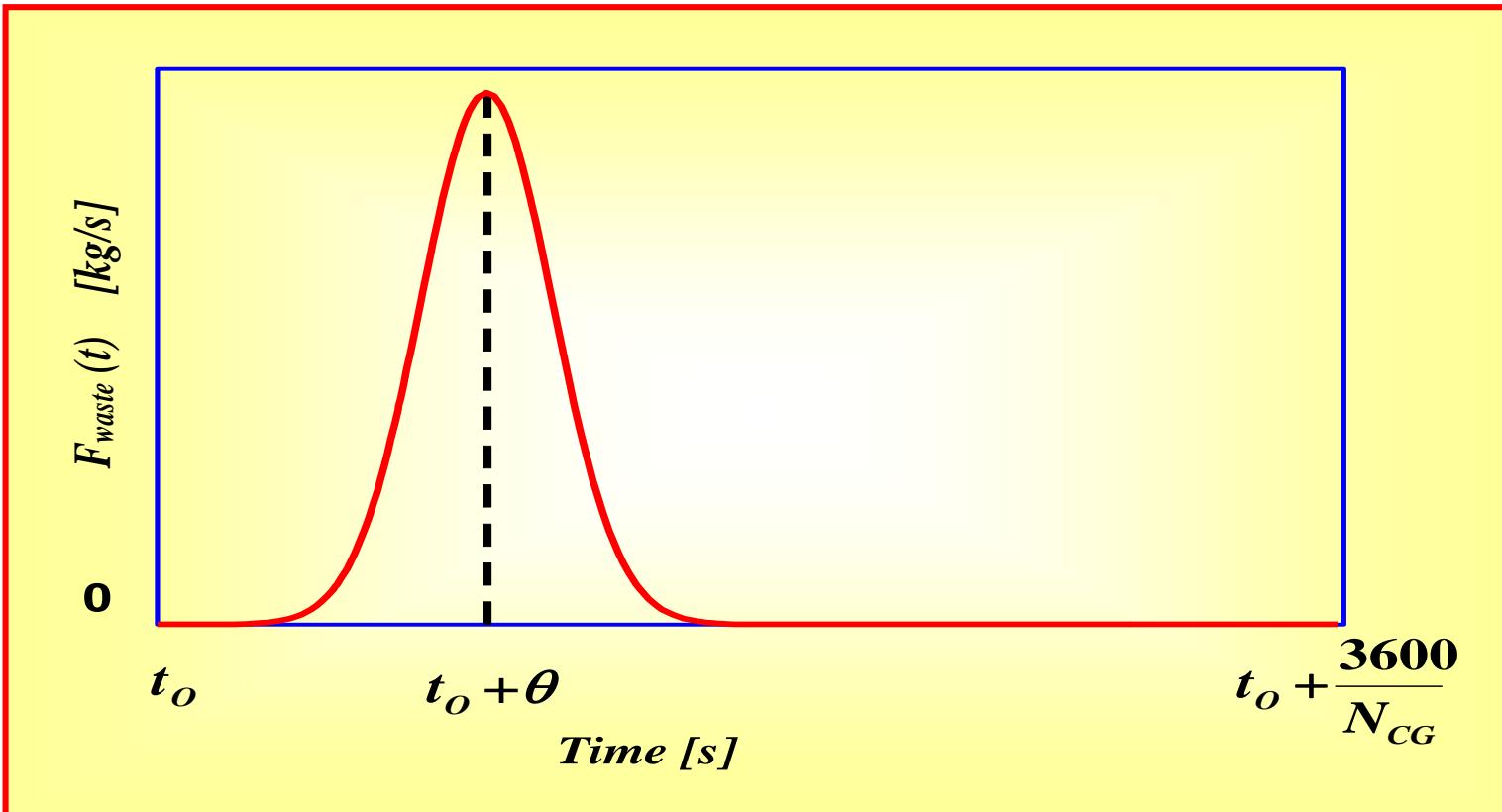
Grate schematization





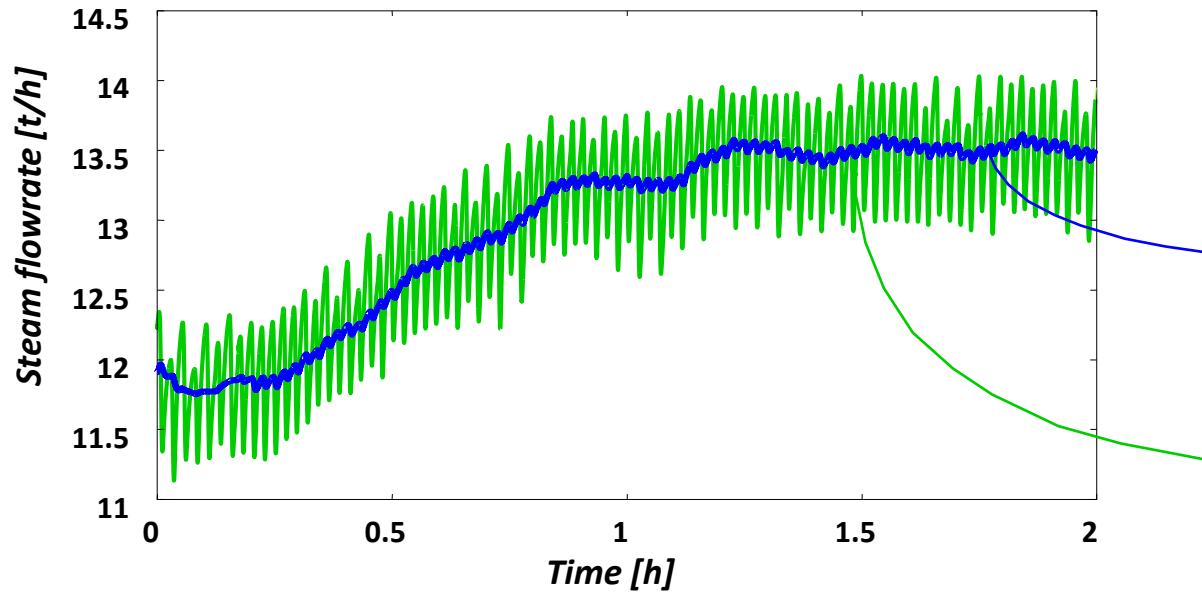
Waste pulse schematization

$$F_{waste}(t) = \Delta m \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2 \cdot \pi \cdot \sigma^2}} \cdot \exp\left(-\frac{(t - (t_0 + \theta))^2}{2 \cdot \sigma^2}\right)$$





Moving average

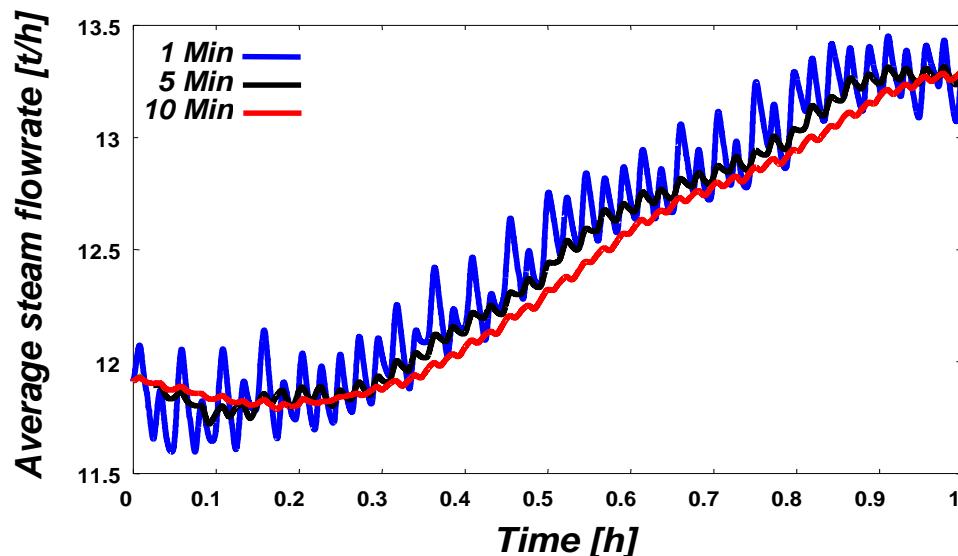


Average value

$$\bar{\mathbf{y}} = \frac{\sum_{k=1}^{NT} \mathbf{y}_k}{NT}$$

$$NT = \frac{t_{MEDIA}}{T_S}$$

Valore istantaneo



$t_{average}$

- **High : delay time**
- **Low : high oscillations**





Model equations

Manca D., M. Rovaglio, Ind. Eng. Chem. Res. 2005, 44, 3159-3177

$$\frac{dM_{W,i}}{dt} = F_{W,i}^{in} - F_{W,i}^{out} - R_{W,i} \quad i = 1, \dots, NG \quad (1)$$

$$k_{x,i} = Sh_i \mathcal{D}_{O_2,i}^{mix} a_i c_{tot,i} \quad (9)$$

$$\frac{dM_{I,i}}{dt} = F_{I,i}^{in} - F_{I,i}^{out} \quad i = 1, \dots, NG \quad (2)$$

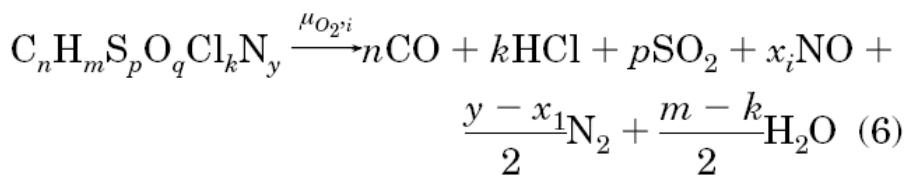
$$a_i = \frac{6(1 - \epsilon_i)}{d_{p,i}} \quad (10)$$

$$F_{W,i}^{in} = F_{W,i-1}^{out}, F_{I,i}^{in} = F_{I,i-1}^{out} \quad i = 2, \dots, NG \quad (3)$$

$$F_{W,1}^{in} = F_W(1 - \omega_{I,0} - \omega_{M,0}) \quad (4)$$

$$Sh_i = j_{D,i} Re_i Sc_i^{1/3} \quad (11)$$

$$F_{I,1}^{in} = F_W \omega_{I,0} \quad (5)$$



$$\begin{cases} Re_i = \frac{\rho_A v_{A,i}}{\mu_A a_i} \\ Sc_i = \frac{\mu_A}{\rho_A \mathcal{D}_{O_2,i}^{mix}} \end{cases} \quad (12)$$

$$R_{W,i} = \frac{k_{x,i} x_{O_2,i}}{\mu_{O_2,i}} \quad (7)$$

$$A_{E,i} = \Gamma_i \frac{a_i}{(1 - \epsilon_i)} f_{W,i} \frac{M_{W,i} + M_{I,i}}{\rho_W} \quad (13)$$

$$\mu_{O_2,i} = \frac{1}{2} \left(n + 2p + x_i + \frac{m - k}{2} - q \right) \quad (8)$$

$$\Gamma_i = 1 + \delta(1 - e^{-N_{GS,i}/\lambda}) \quad (14)$$





Model equations

Manca D., M. Rovaglio, Ind. Eng. Chem. Res. 2005, 44, 3159-3177

$$\frac{\Delta P_i}{s_{B,i}} = \frac{150\mu_A v_{A,i}(1 - \epsilon_i)^2}{d_{p,i}^2 \epsilon_i^3} + \frac{1.75 \rho_A v_{A,i}^2 (1 - \epsilon_i)}{d_{p,i} \epsilon_i^3} \quad (15)$$

$$s_{B,i} = \frac{M_{W,i} + M_{I,i}}{\rho_W J_G w_G} \quad (16)$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} (W_{A,G,i} + W_{A,L,G,i})x_{O_2,A} - \frac{R_{W,i}\mu_{O_2}}{MW_W} - W_{O_2,G,i}^{out} = 0 \\ (W_{A,G,i} + W_{A,L,G,i})x_{N_2,A} - \frac{R_{W,i}}{MW_W} \frac{x_{N,W}}{2} (1 - \Psi_{NO,i}) - W_{N_2,G,i}^{out} = 0 \\ \frac{R_{W,i}}{MW_W} x_{C,W} - W_{CO,G,i}^{out} = 0 \\ \frac{R_{W,i}}{MW_W} x_{S,W} - W_{SO_2,G,i}^{out} = 0 \\ \frac{R_{W,i}}{MW_W} x_{Cl,W} - W_{HCl,G,i}^{out} = 0 \\ \frac{R_{W,i}}{MW_W} x_{N,W} \Psi_{NO,i} - W_{NO,G,i}^{out} = 0 \\ \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{R_{W,1}}{MW_W} \frac{x_{H,W} - x_{Cl,W}}{2} - W_{H_2OG,1}^{out} + \frac{F_W \omega_{H_2O,0}}{MW_{H_2O}} = 0 \\ \frac{R_{W,i}}{MW_W} \frac{x_{H,W} - x_{Cl,W}}{2} - W_{H_2O,G,i}^{out} = 0 \quad i = 2, \dots, NG \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right. \quad (17)$$





Model equations

Manca D., M. Rovaglio, Ind. Eng. Chem. Res. 2005, 44, 3159-3177

$$M_{W,F,i} = \rho_W \Delta x_G w_G s_{B,i} \quad (18)$$

$$F_{W,i}^{out} = M_{W,F,i} f_{W,i} N_{GS,i} \quad (19) \quad \frac{\int_0^{3600} M_{W,F,0} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma}} \exp\left(-\frac{[t - (t_{0,k} + \theta)]^2}{2\sigma^2}\right) dt}{3600} \cong \bar{F}_W \quad t_{0,k} < t < t_{0,k} + \frac{1}{N_{GS,0}} \quad (25)$$

$$F_{I,i}^{out} = M_{W,F,i} (1 - f_{W,i}) N_{GS,i} \quad (20)$$

$$f(z) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma}} \exp\left(-\frac{(z - z_0)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right) \quad (21)$$

$$\theta = k\sqrt{\sigma^2} \quad (26)$$

$$F_{W,i}^{out} = M_{W,F,i} f_{W,i} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} \exp\left(-\frac{[t - (t_{0,i} + \theta_i)]^2}{2\sigma^2}\right) \quad (22)$$

$$Z = -\frac{t_0 - (t_0 + \theta)}{\sqrt{\sigma^2}}$$

$$F_{I,i}^{out} = M_{W,F,i} (1 - f_{W,i}) \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} \exp\left(-\frac{[t - (t_{0,i} + \theta_i)]^2}{2\sigma^2}\right) \quad (23)$$

$$\theta = \bar{Z}\sqrt{\sigma^2} \Rightarrow k = \bar{Z} = -\frac{t_0 - (t_0 + \theta)}{\sqrt{\sigma^2}} \quad (27)$$

$$h_i \cong \frac{0.5}{N_{GS,i}} \quad (24)$$





Model equations

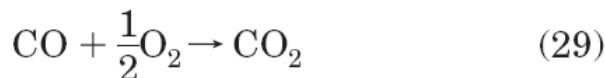
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$$W_{Hom,j}^{in} = \sum_{i=1}^{NG} W_{G,j,i}^{out} \quad j = \text{CO,SO}_2,\text{HCl,NO,H}_2\text{O}$$

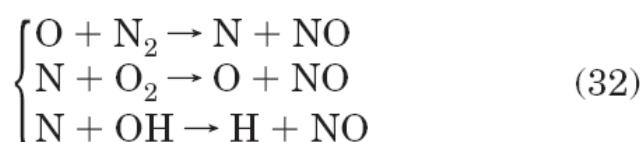
$$W_{Hom,O_2}^{in} = \sum_{i=1}^{NG} W_{G,O_2,i}^{out} + (W_{A,S} + W_{A,LS})x_{O_2,A} \quad (28)$$

$$W_{Hom,N_2}^{in} = \sum_{i=1}^{NG} W_{G,N_2,i}^{out} + (W_{A,S} + W_{A,LS})x_{N_2,A}$$

$$x_{Hom,j}^{in} = \frac{W_{Hom,j}^{in}}{\sum_{j=1}^{NC} W_{Hom,j}^{in}} \quad j = \text{O}_2,\text{N}_2,\text{CO,SO}_2,\text{HCl,NO,H}_2\text{O}$$



$$\frac{dc_{CO}}{dt} = 1.8 \times 10^{10} c_{CO} \sqrt{c_{O_2}} \exp\left(-\frac{25000}{RT}\right) \quad (31)$$



$$\frac{dn_{Hom,CO_2}}{dt} = -(W_{Hom}^{out} + W_L^{out})x_{Hom,CO_2}^{out} + R_{Hom,CO_2}V_{Hom} + W_{Hom,CO_2}^{in}$$

$$\frac{dn_{Hom,j}}{dt} = -(W_{Hom}^{out} + W_L^{out})x_{Hom,j}^{out} + W_{Hom,j}^{in} \quad j = \text{SO}_2,\text{H}_2\text{O},\text{HCl}$$

$$\frac{dn_{Hom,N_2}}{dt} = -(W_{Hom}^{out} + W_L^{out})x_{Hom,N_2}^{out} - \frac{1}{2}R_{Hom,NO}V_{Hom} + W_{Hom,N_2}^{in} \quad (33)$$

$$\frac{dn_{Hom,O_2}}{dt} = -(W_{Hom}^{out} + W_L^{out})x_{Hom,O_2}^{out} - \frac{1}{2}R_{Hom,NO}V_{Hom} - \frac{1}{2}R_{Hom,CO_2}V_{Hom} + W_{Hom,O_2}^{in}$$

$$\frac{dn_{Hom,CO^*}}{dt} = -(W_{Hom}^{out} + W_L^{out})x_{Hom,CO^*}^{out} - R_{Hom,CO_2}V_{Hom} + W_{Hom,CO}^{in}(1 - f_{bypass})$$

$$\frac{dn_{Hom,CO^{**}}}{dt} = -(W_{Hom}^{out} + W_L^{out})x_{Hom,CO^{**}}^{out} + W_{Hom,CO}^{in}f_{bypass}$$

$$x_{Hom,CO}^{out} = \frac{n_{Hom,CO^*} + n_{Hom,CO^{**}}}{\sum_{j=1}^{NC+1} n_{Hom,j}}$$





Model equations

Manca D., M. Rovaglio, Ind. Eng. Chem. Res. 2005, 44, 3159-3177

$$P_1 - P_2 = \gamma \rho_1 \frac{v_1^2}{2} \quad (34)$$

$$W_L^{in} = \bar{k} \sqrt{\Delta P} \quad (35)$$

$$W_L^{out} = \bar{k} \frac{c_{tot,g}}{c_{tot,amb}} \sqrt{\frac{\rho_{amb}}{\rho_g}} \sqrt{\Delta P} \quad (36)$$

$$W_{Hom}^{out} = \sqrt{\frac{2P_{PK} \cdot |P_{PK} - P_{PC}|}{\gamma \cdot MW_g RT}} A^{out} \quad (37)$$

$$\frac{dU}{dt} = \dot{H}_{in} - \dot{H}_{out} - \dot{Q}_{disp} - \dot{Q}_{V,PK} \quad (38)$$

$$U = \sum_{i=1}^{NC} n_i U_{g,i} + M_S U_S$$

$$\dot{H} = \sum_{i=1}^{NC} W_i H_{g,i} + \dot{M}_S H_S \quad (39)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \tilde{c}_p &= \tilde{c}_v + R \\ H_{g,i} &= U_{g,i} + P\tilde{V} = U_{g,i} + RT \end{aligned} \quad (40)$$

$$\hat{c}_{v,S} \approx \hat{c}_{p,S} \Rightarrow U_S \approx H_S \quad (41)$$

$$\begin{aligned} (M_S \hat{c}_{p,S} + \sum_{i=1}^{NC} n_i \tilde{c}_{v,i}) \frac{dT}{dt} &= - \sum_{i=1}^{NC} (W_{Hom,i}^{in} \int_{T^{in}}^T \tilde{c}_{p,i} dT) - \\ \dot{M}_S^{in} \int_{T^{in}}^T \hat{c}_{p,s} dT - \sum_{j=1}^{NR} \Delta H_j^R(T) R_j(T) + R_W WLHC + \\ RT \frac{d}{dt} (\sum_{i=1}^{NC} n_i) - \dot{Q}_{disp,PK} - \dot{Q}_{V,PK} \end{aligned} \quad (42)$$





Model equations

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$$\sum_{i=1}^{NC} (W_{Hom,i}^{in} \int_{T^{in}}^T \tilde{c}_{p,i} dT) = (W_{A,PK} + W_{A,L}) \int_{T_{amb}}^T \tilde{c}_{p,A} dT \quad (43)$$

$$RT \frac{d}{dt} \sum_{i=1}^{NC} n_i \quad (47)$$

$$\dot{M}_S^{in} \int_{T^{in}}^T \hat{c}_{p,S} dT = F_W^{in} (1 - \omega_{H_2O}) \hat{c}_{p,S} (T - T^{in}) + \frac{F_W^{in} \omega_{H_2O}}{MW_{H_2O}} \int_{T_{eb}}^T \tilde{c}_{p,H_2O}^v dT \quad (44)$$

$$\dot{Q}_{rad} = \sigma (A_{G \rightarrow W} T_g^4 - A_{W \rightarrow G} T_W^4) \quad (48)$$

$$A_{G \rightarrow W} T_g \cong A_{W \rightarrow G} T_W \quad (49)$$

$$\sum_{j=1}^{NR} \Delta H_j^R(T) R_j(T) = \Delta H_{CO \rightarrow CO_2}^R R_{CO_2} + \Delta H_{N_2 \rightarrow NO}^R R_{NO} \quad (45)$$

$$\dot{Q}_{rad} = \sigma A_{G \rightarrow W} (T_g^4 - T_W^4) \frac{1 - k^3}{1 - k^4} \quad k = \frac{T_W}{T_g} \quad (50)$$

$$A_{G \rightarrow W} = \frac{A_{GW}}{\frac{1}{\epsilon_g} + \frac{1}{\epsilon_R} - 1} \quad (51)$$

$$R_W WLHC^* = \sum_{i=1}^{NG} \frac{R_{W,i}}{1 - \omega_I - \omega_{H_2O}} \left(WLHC + \Delta H_{CO \rightarrow CO_2}^R \frac{\omega_C}{MW_C} + \Delta H_{N_2 \rightarrow NO}^R \frac{\omega_N}{MW_N} (1 - \varphi_{NO,i}) \right) \quad (46)$$

$$\dot{Q}_{conv} = \sigma A_{G \rightarrow W} (T_g^4 - T_W^4) A_{GW} \frac{h_{int}}{4\sigma T_{G \rightarrow W}^3} \quad T_{G \rightarrow W} = \frac{T_g + T_w}{2} \quad (52)$$





Model equations

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$$\dot{Q}_{V,PK} = \beta_{PK} \dot{Q}_{disp,PK} \quad (53)$$

$$h_{int}(T_{g,PK} - T_W^{int}) = \frac{2k_R}{s_R}(T_W^{int} - T_1^R) \quad (59)$$

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} = k_W \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial z^2} \quad (54)$$

$$h_{ext}(T_S^{ext} - T_{amb}) = \frac{2k_I}{s_I}(T_{NIL}^I - T_S^{ext}) \quad (60)$$

$$\rho_i \hat{c}_{p,i}^W V_i \frac{dT_i}{dt} = \dot{q}_i^{in} A_i^{int} - \dot{q}_i^{out} A_i^{out} \quad i = 1, \dots, NL \quad (55)$$

$$\begin{aligned} T(z_i) &= T_i \\ T(z_{i+1}) &= T_{i+1} \end{aligned} \quad (56)$$

$$\begin{aligned} h_{ext} &= \frac{Nuk_A}{L} + 4\sigma\epsilon_{met} T_{met}^3 \\ T_{met} &= \frac{T_{amb} + T_S^{ext}}{2} \end{aligned} \quad (61)$$

$$\dot{q}_i^{out} = -k_W \frac{dT}{dz} \Big|_{i+1/2} = k_W \frac{T_i - T_{i+1}}{z_{i+1} - z_i} \quad (57)$$

$$\frac{dn_{CO_2}}{dt} = -W_{PC}^{out} x_{CO_2,PC}^{out} + R_{CO_2} V_{PC} + W_{PC}^{in} x_{CO_2,PC}^{in} \quad (62)$$

$$\dot{q}_{RI} = \frac{T_{NRL}^R - T_1^R}{\frac{s_R}{2k_R} + \frac{s_I}{2k_I}} \quad (58)$$

$$\frac{dn_{SO_2}}{dt} = -W_{PC}^{out} x_{SO_2,PC}^{out} + W_{PC}^{in} x_{SO_2,PC}^{in} \quad (63)$$





Model equations

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$$\frac{dn_{H_2O}}{dt} = -W_{PC}^{out}x_{H_2O,PC}^{out} + W_{PC}^{in}x_{H_2O,PC}^{in} \quad (64)$$

$$P_{PC} - P_{PK} = \Delta P_{dis} + \Delta P_{loc} \quad (70)$$

$$\frac{dn_{HCl}}{dt} = -W_{PC}^{out}x_{HCl,PC}^{out} + W_{PC}^{in}x_{HCl,PC}^{in} \quad (65)$$

$$\Delta P_{dis} = \frac{2f_D \rho_g v_g^2 L_{PC}}{D_{h,PC}} \quad (71)$$

$$\frac{dn_{N_2}}{dt} = -W_{PC}^{out}x_{N_2,PC}^{out} - \frac{1}{2}R_{NO}V_{PC} + W_{PC}^{in}x_{N_2,PC}^{in} \quad (66)$$

$$f_D = \frac{1}{\left[4 \log\left(0.27 \frac{\epsilon}{D_h} + \left(\frac{7}{Re}\right)^{0.9}\right)\right]^2} \quad (72)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dn_{O_2}}{dt} = & -W_{PC}^{out}x_{O_2,PC}^{out} - \frac{1}{2}R_{NO}V_{PC} - \frac{1}{2}R_{CO_2}V_{PC} + \\ & W_{PC}^{in}x_{O_2,PC}^{in} \end{aligned} \quad (67)$$

$$\frac{dn_{CO}}{dt} = -W_{PC}^{out}x_{CO,PC}^{out} - R_{CO_2}V_{PC} + W_{PC}^{in}x_{CO,PC}^{in} \quad (68)$$

$$\frac{dn_{NO}}{dt} = -W_{PC}^{out}x_{NO,PC}^{out} + R_{NO}V_{PC} + W_{PC}^{in}x_{NO,PC}^{in} \quad (69)$$

$$\Delta P_{loc} = \gamma \frac{\rho_g v_g^2}{2} \quad (73)$$

$$\frac{dU}{dt} = \dot{H}_{in} - \dot{H}_{out} - \dot{Q}_{disp,PC} - \dot{Q}_{V,PC} \quad (74)$$





Model equations

Manca D., M. Rovaglio, Ind. Eng. Chem. Res. 2005, 44, 3159-3177

$$\begin{aligned} \left(\sum_{i=1}^{NC} n_i \tilde{c}_{v,i} \right) \frac{dT}{dt} = & - \sum_{i=1}^{NC} (W_{i,PC}^{in} \int_{T^{in}}^T \tilde{c}_{p,i} dT) - \\ & \sum_{j=1}^{NR} \Delta H_j^R(T) R_j(T) + RT \frac{d}{dt} \left(\sum_{i=1}^{NC} n_i \right) - \dot{Q}_{disp,PC} - \dot{Q}_{V,PC} \end{aligned} \quad (75)$$

$$\dot{G}_V = A_V \sqrt{\frac{\rho_V D_{h,SH} \Delta P_{SH}}{2f_D L_{SH}}} \quad (80)$$

$$P = \exp \left(73.649 - \frac{7258.2}{T} - 7.3037 \log(T) + 4.1653 \times 10^{-6} \cdot T^2 \right) \quad (81)$$

$$\frac{dM_L}{dt} = \dot{G}_{H_2O}^{in} - \dot{G}_{L \rightarrow V} \quad (76)$$

$$\frac{dM_V}{dt} = \dot{G}_{L \rightarrow V} - \dot{G}_V \quad (77)$$

$$\dot{G}_{L \rightarrow V} = \frac{\dot{G}_{abs}^B - \dot{G}_{H_2O}^{in} \hat{c}_{p,L} (T_{eq} - T_{H_2O}^{in})}{\Delta H_{ev}(T_{eq})} \quad (82)$$

$$\Delta P_{SH} = 2f_D \rho_V v_V^2 \frac{L_{SH}}{D_{h,SH}} \quad (78)$$

$$\Delta H_{ev}(T) = \Delta H_{ev}(T_{ref}) \left(\frac{1 - T_R}{1 - T_{R,ref}} \right) \quad T_R = \frac{T}{T_C} \quad (83)$$

$$\dot{G}_V = \rho_V A_V v_V \quad (79)$$

$$\dot{G}_{H_2O}^{in} = \dot{G}_{H_2O}^{in,0} + k_p \left(\epsilon_c + \frac{1}{\tau_I} \int_0^t \epsilon_c dt \right) \quad (84)$$





Model equations

Manca D., M. Rovaglio, Ind. Eng. Chem. Res. 2005, 44, 3159-3177

$$\frac{dn_{g,B}}{dt} = W_{g,B}^{in} - W_{g,B}^{out} \quad (85)$$

$$W_{g,B}^{out} = \frac{\rho_g A_B v_g}{M W_{g,B}^{mix}} \quad (86)$$

$$\dot{H}_B^{in} - \dot{H}_B^{out} - \dot{Q}_{V,B} = 0 \quad (87)$$

$$m = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{155.3\sqrt{q}}{h_g}} \quad (88)$$

$$q = \frac{\dot{H}_B^{in}}{A_B^{exc}} \quad h_g = \int_{T_{ref}}^{T_g^n} \tilde{c}_{p,g}^{mix} dT$$

$$\dot{Q}_{V,B} = m \dot{H}_{in} = m \dot{W}_{g,B} \int_{T_{ref}}^{T_{in,g,B}} \tilde{c}_{p,g}^{mix} dT \quad (89)$$

$$\left(\frac{T_{g,B}^{rad,out}}{100} \right)^4 + 239 \cdot q \cdot \left(\frac{T_{g,B}^{rad,out}}{T_{ref} + \frac{h_g}{\hat{c}_{p,g}^{mix}}} - 1 \right) = 0 \quad (90)$$

$$\dot{Q}_{V,B} = m \dot{H}_{in} = \frac{1}{\frac{461.9}{h_g^{0.15}} \sqrt{q}} W_{g,B}^{in} \int_{T_{ref}}^{T_{g,B}^{in}} \tilde{c}_{p,g}^{mix} dT \quad (91)$$

$$1 + \frac{h_g}{h_g}$$

$$T_{g,B}^{rad,out} = T_{ref} + \frac{1000}{\frac{2.52}{\sqrt{q}} h_g^{0.15} + \frac{\hat{c}_{p,g}^{mix}}{h_g}} \quad (92)$$

$$W_{g,SH}^{in} = W_{g,B}^{out} + W_{L,SH} \quad (93)$$

$$W_{g,SH}^{in} \int_{T_{ref}}^{T_{g,SH}^{in}} \tilde{c}_{p,g}^{mix} dT = W_{g,B}^{out} \int_{T_{ref}}^{T_{g,B}^{out}} \tilde{c}_{p,g}^{mix} dT + W_{L,SH} \int_{T_{ref}}^{T_{L,SH}} \tilde{c}_{p,A}^{mix} dT \quad (94)$$





Model equations

Manca D., M. Rovaglio, Ind. Eng. Chem. Res. 2005, 44, 3159-3177

$$u_m = \frac{u_{in}s_t}{s_t - d_t} \text{ if } 2(s_d - d_t) \geq (s_t - d_t) \quad (95)$$

$$u_m = \frac{u_{in}s_t}{2(s_d - d_t)} \text{ if } 2(s_d - d_t) < (s_t - d_t)$$

$$h_{rad} = \sigma A_{G \rightarrow T} \left(\frac{\bar{T}_H + \bar{T}_C}{2} \right)^3 \quad (96)$$

$$U = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{h_{int}} + \frac{1}{h_{conv} + h_{rad}} + f_{fou}} \quad (97)$$

$$\begin{cases} \eta = \frac{1 - \exp(-NTU(1 - r))}{1 - r \cdot \exp(-NTU(1 - r))} & \text{if } r \leq 0.98 \\ \eta = \frac{NTU}{1 + NTU} & \text{if } 0.98 < r \leq 1 \end{cases}$$

$$r = \frac{c_{MIN}}{c_{MAX}} \quad (98)$$

$$\begin{cases} c_{MIN} = \text{Min}\{F_H \hat{c}_{p,H}, F_C \hat{c}_{p,C}\} \\ c_{MAX} = \text{Max}\{F_H \hat{c}_{p,H}, F_C \hat{c}_{p,C}\} \end{cases}$$

$$NTU = \frac{UA_{GT}}{c_{MIN}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} T_C^{out} &= T_C^{in} + \eta(T_{H,eff}^{in} - T_C^{in}) \\ T_H^{out} &= T_{H,eff}^{in} - \eta r(T_{H,eff}^{in} - T_C^{in}) \end{aligned} \quad (99)$$

$$\begin{aligned} T_C^{out} &= T_C^{in} + \eta r(T_{H,eff}^{in} - T_C^{in}) \\ T_H^{out} &= T_{H,eff}^{in} - \eta(T_{H,eff}^{in} - T_C^{in}) \end{aligned} \quad (100)$$

$$\Delta P_{exc} = f_D \rho_g v_{g,MAX}^2 n_T \quad (101)$$



Model dimensions in terms of DAEs



	<i>Material balances</i>	<i>Energy balances</i>	<i>Momentum balances</i>	<i>Total</i>
<u>Primary kinf</u>	55	29	2	86
<u>Postcombustion chamber</u>	10	15	1	26
<u>Heat recovery section</u>	6	9	5	20

Grand total = 132 DAE system



Some significant input process variables

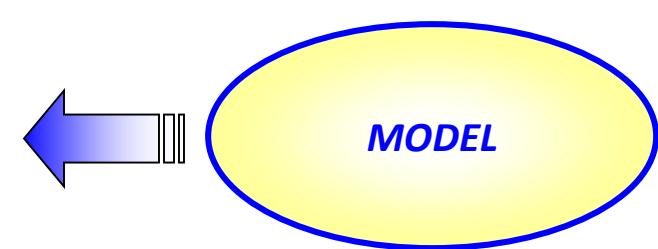
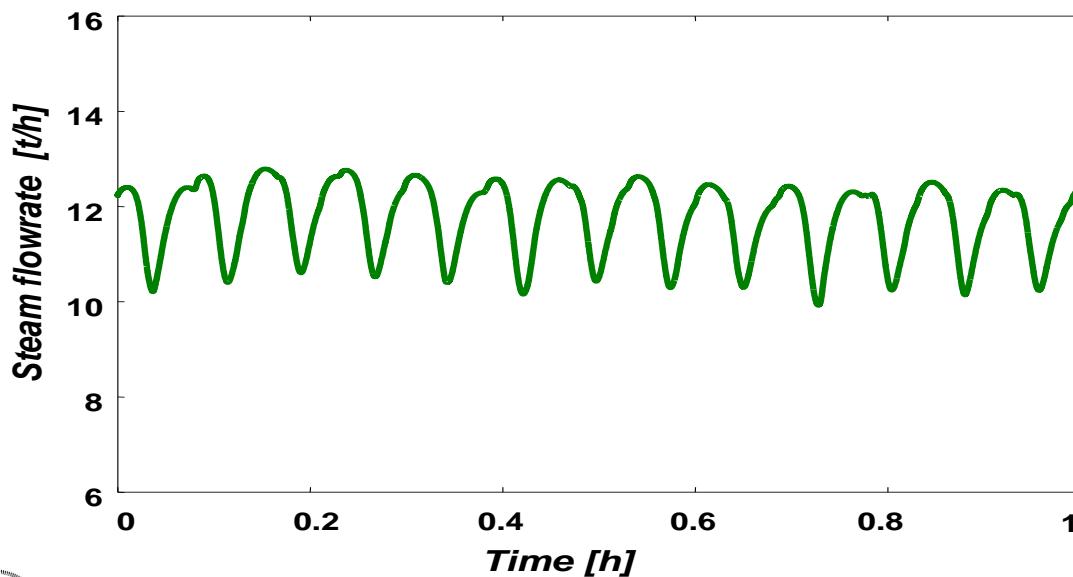
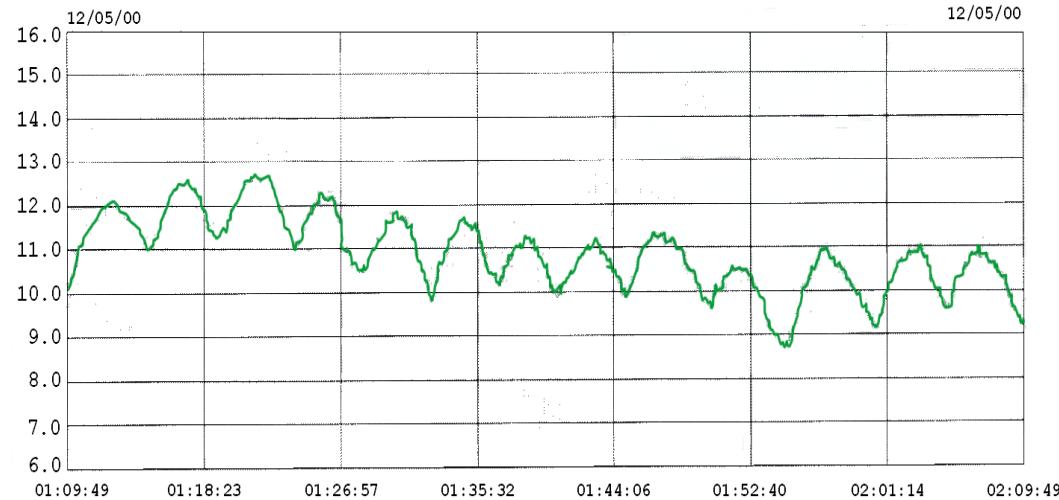
Number of feed-strokes [1/h]	40
Inlet waste flowrate [kg/h]	4,000
Number of strokes to the first grate [1/h]	23
Number of strokes to the second grate [1/h]	20
Number of strokes to the third grate [1/h]	13
Number of strokes to the fourth grate [1/h]	23
Primary air flowrate [Nm ³ /h]	12,500
Secondary air flowrate [Nm ³ /h]	6,500

Some significant output process variables

Outlet smokes temperature from the primary kiln [°C]	1,035
Outlet smokes temperature from the postcombustion chamber [°C]	1,115
Outlet oxygen molar fraction from the postcombustion chamber [%]	8.5
Outlet CO content from the postcombustion chamber [mg/Nm ³]	11
Steam flowrate [t/h]	12

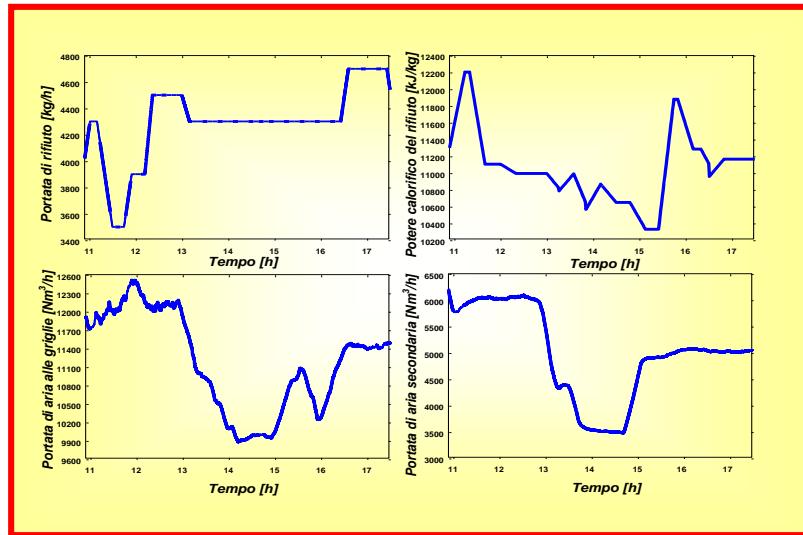


Model validation

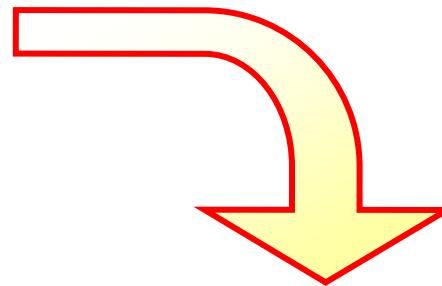




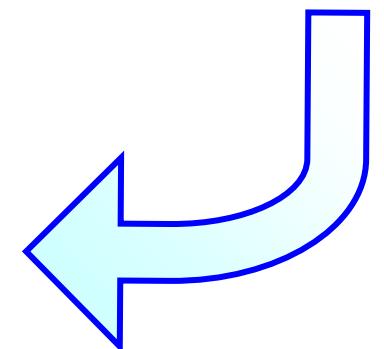
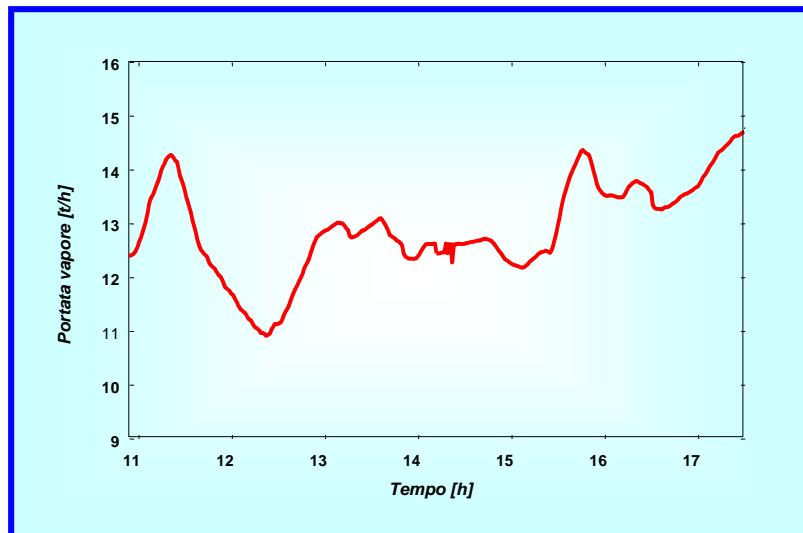
Model validation



REAL INPUTS



DYNAMIC SIMULATOR



SIMULATED OUTPUT



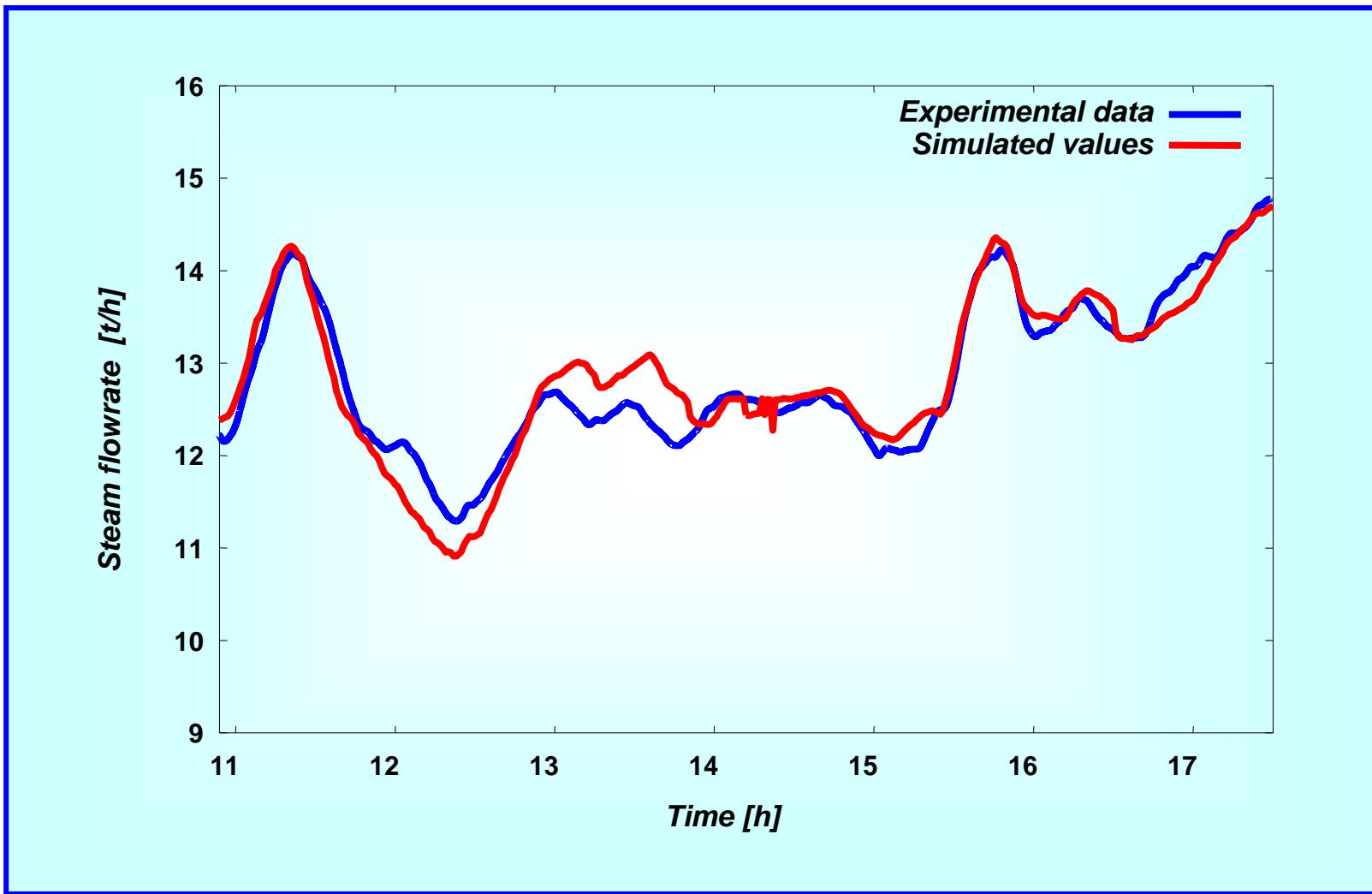


Model validation

Real plant

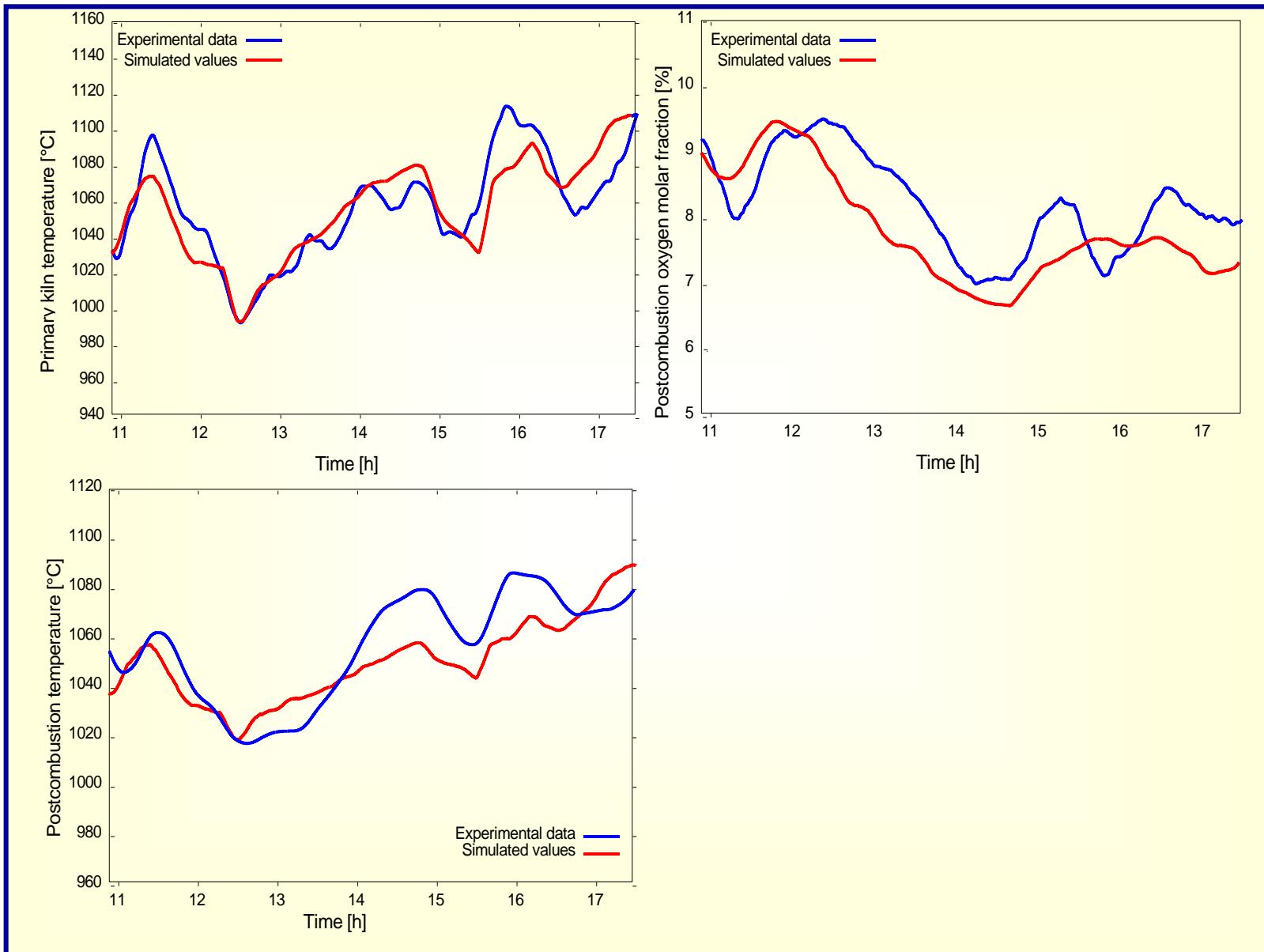


Model

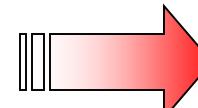
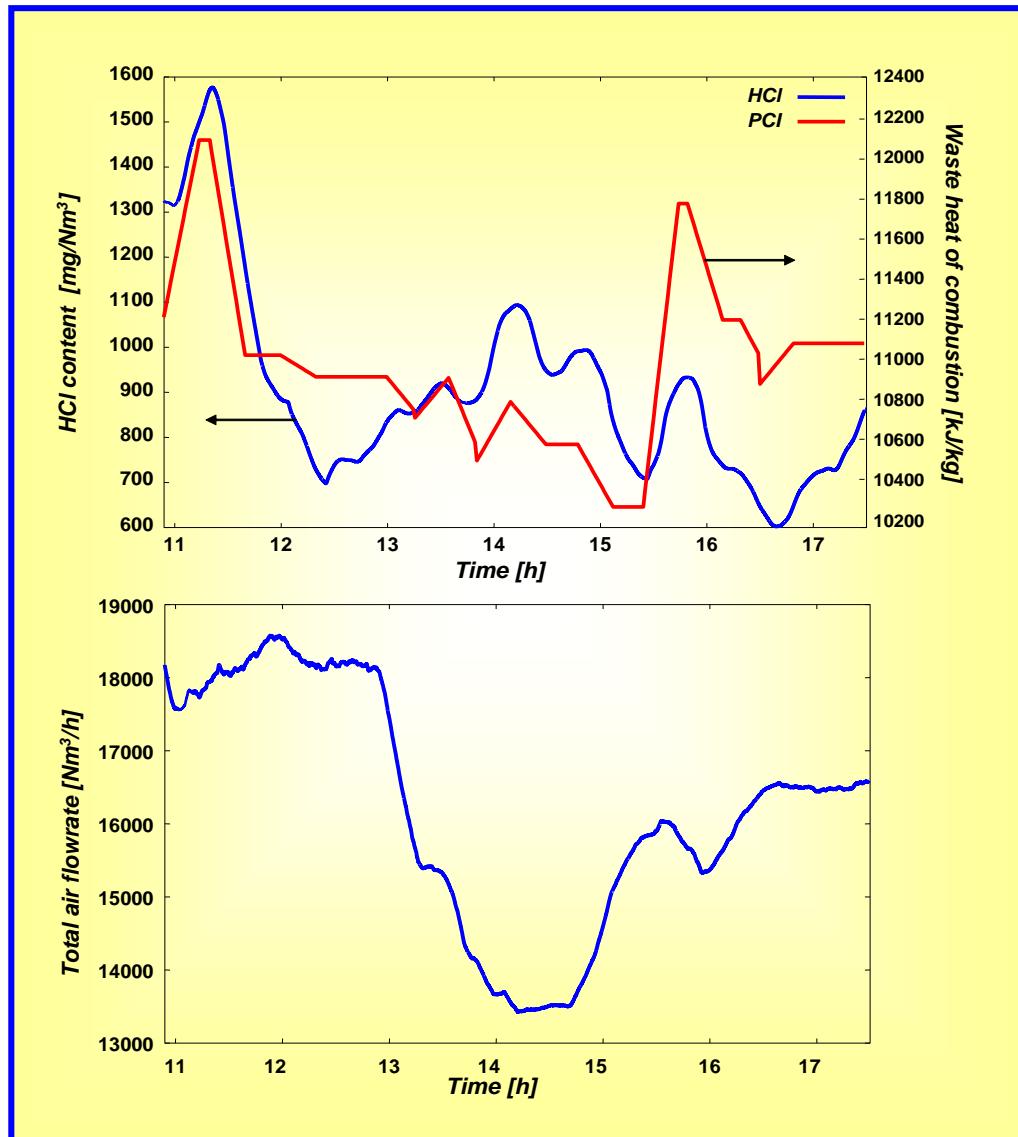




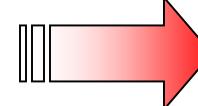
On line model validation



Inference of heat of combustion and HCl



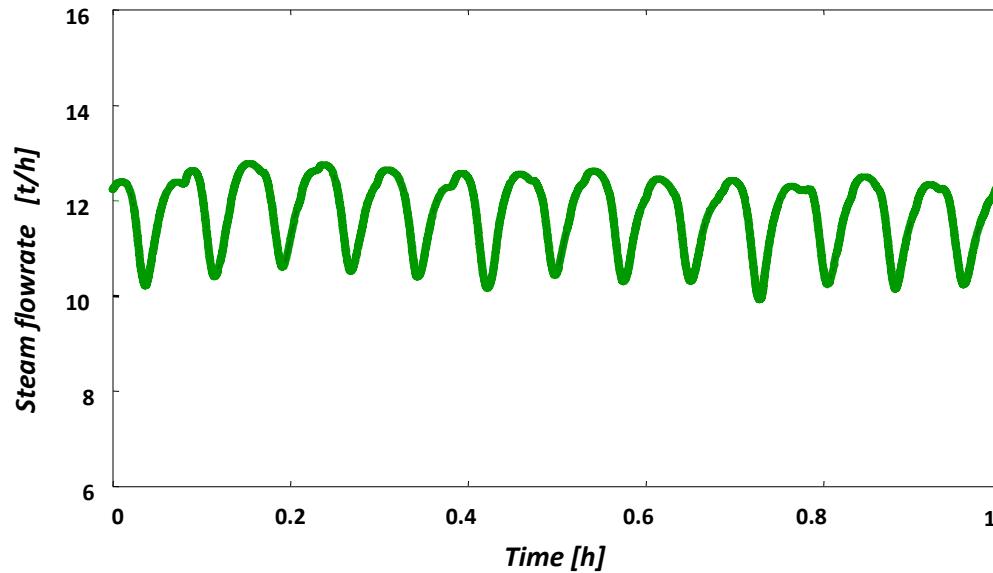
*Inferred waste heat
of combustion*



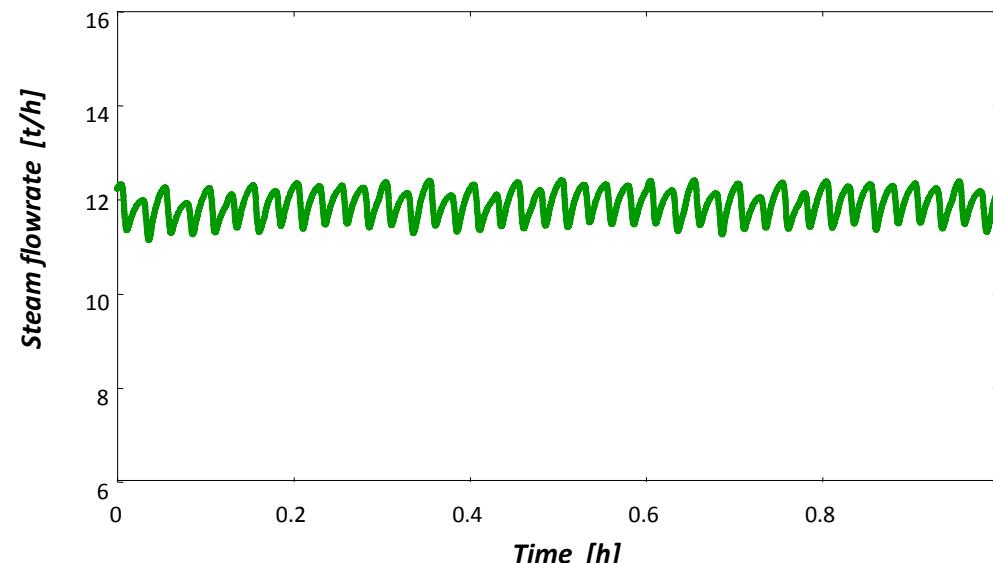
*Experimental trend
of the total air
flowrate*



Dynamic response to different forcing actions



3 x N



1 x 3N



Multivariable model based control





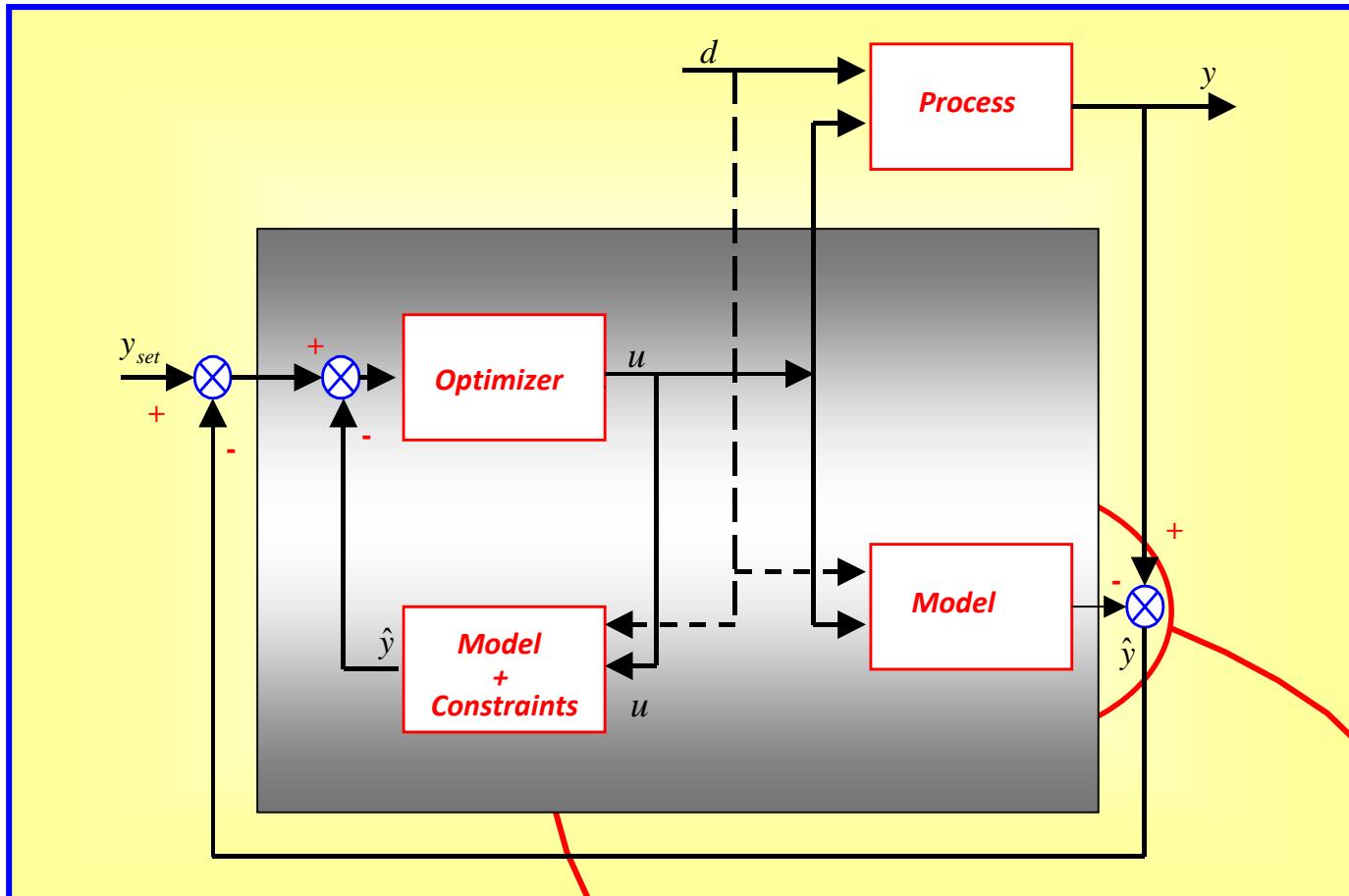
Table of contents

- *Implementation and validation of a detailed first-principles dynamic model of the combustion section of an incineration plant*
- *Analysis of a multivariable MPC control system*
- *Model reduction*
- *Synthesis of a non-linear MPC control system*
- *Identification of an ARX linear model*
- *Synthesis of a linear MPC control system and comparison with the non-linear counterpart*





MPC – Implementation scheme



Use of a model for predictive purposes





MPC – Objective function

Optimization problem to be solved:

$$\min_{\hat{u}(k), \dots, \hat{u}(k+h_c-1)} f_{obj}$$

$$f_{obj} = \left\{ \sum_{j=k+1}^{k+h_p} \left[\omega_y \cdot (\hat{e}_y(j))^2 + PF_y(j) \right] + \sum_{i=k}^{k+h_p-1} \left[\omega_u \cdot (\Delta \hat{u}(i))^2 + PF_u(i) \right] \right\}$$

$$\hat{e}_y(j) = \frac{[\hat{y}(j) + \delta(k)] - \hat{y}_{SET}(j)}{\hat{y}_{SET}(j)}; \quad \delta(k) = y(k) - \hat{y}(k)$$

$$PF_y(j) = \left\{ \max \left[0, \left(\frac{\hat{y}(j) - \hat{y}_{MAX}}{\hat{y}_{MAX}} \right) \right] \right\}^2 + \left\{ \min \left[0, \left(\frac{\hat{y}(j) - \hat{y}_{MIN}}{\hat{y}_{MIN}} \right) \right] \right\}^2$$

$$\Delta \hat{u}(i) = \frac{\hat{u}(i) - \hat{u}(i-1)}{\hat{u}(i-1)}$$

$$PF_u(i) = \left\{ \max \left[0, \left(\frac{\hat{u}(i) - \hat{u}_{MAX}}{\hat{u}_{MAX}} \right) \right] \right\}^2 + \left\{ \min \left[0, \left(\frac{\hat{u}(i) - \hat{u}_{MIN}}{\hat{u}_{MIN}} \right) \right] \right\}^2$$





CONTROLLED VARIABLES (CV)

- *Steam flowrate (set point)*
- *Primary kiln temperature (upper bound)*
- *Postcombustion chamber temperature (upper bound)*
- *Postcombustion chamber temperature(lower bound)*
- *Volumetric O₂ fraction in the postcombustion chamber (lower bound)*
- *CO content in the postcombustion chamber (upper bound)*





MANIPULATED VARIABLES (MV)

- *Strokes number to the feed grate*
- *Primary air flowrate (to the grates)*
- *Secondary air flowrate to the kiln*
- *Strokes number to the first moving grate*
- *Strokes number to the second moving grate*

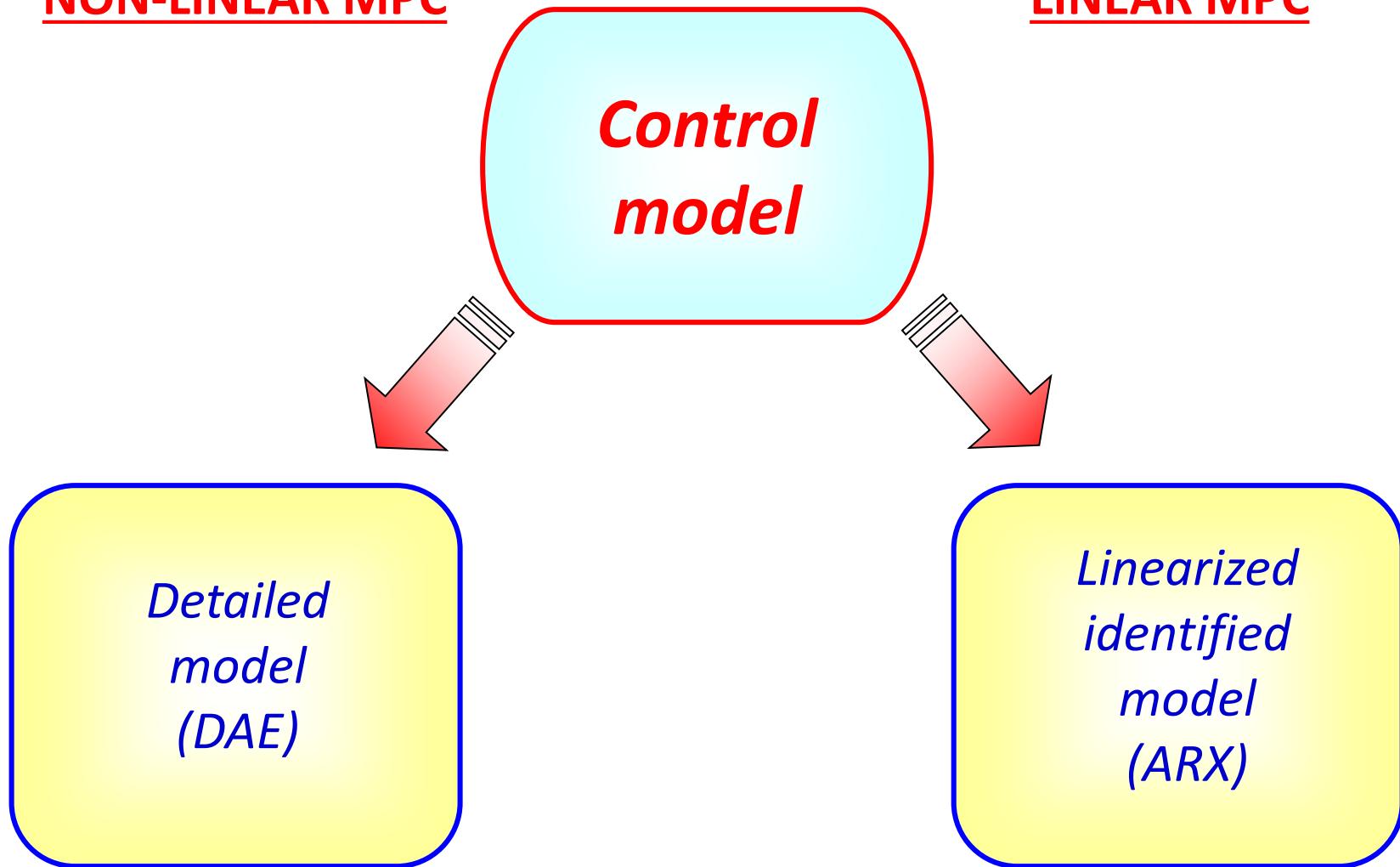




MPC – Control model

NON-LINEAR MPC

LINEAR MPC



NL MPC – Continuous simplified model

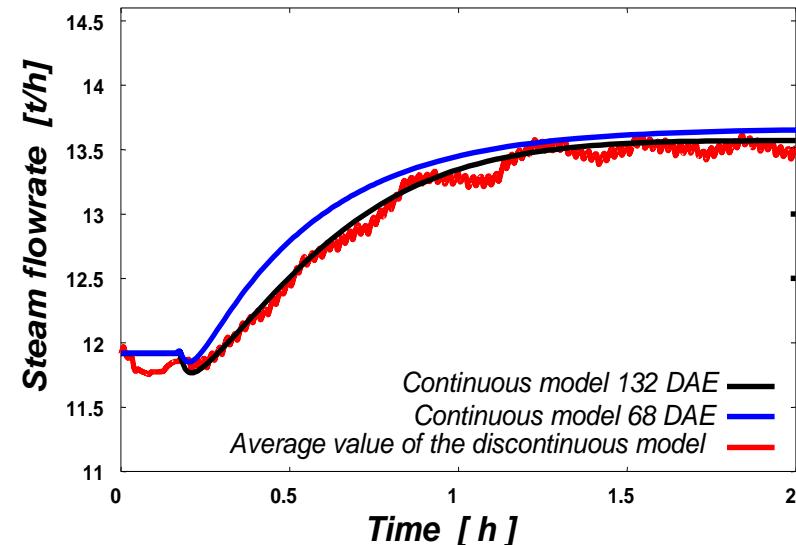


Averaged flowrate



$$\bar{F}_{waste} = \Delta m \cdot \frac{\int_{t_o}^{t_o + \frac{3600}{N_{CG}}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2 \cdot \pi \cdot \sigma^2}} \cdot \exp\left(-\frac{(t - (t_o + \theta))^2}{2 \cdot \sigma^2}\right) dt}{\frac{3600}{N_{CG}}}$$

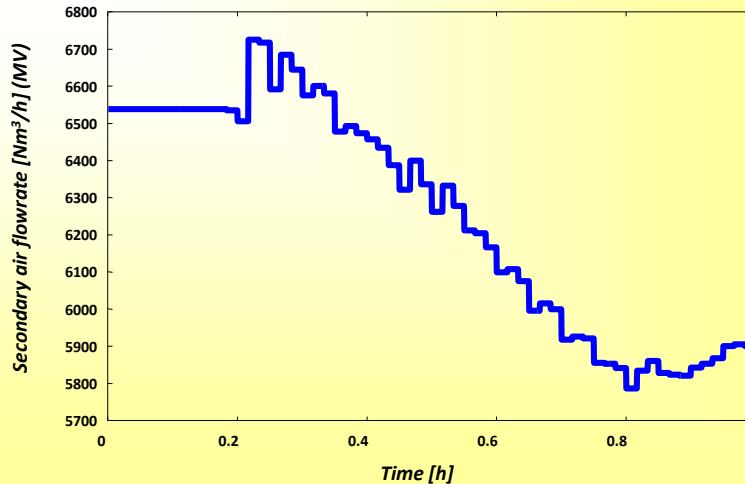
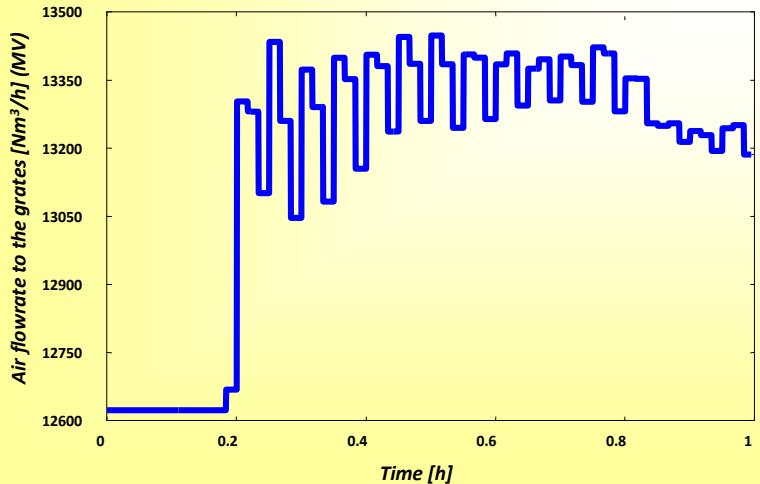
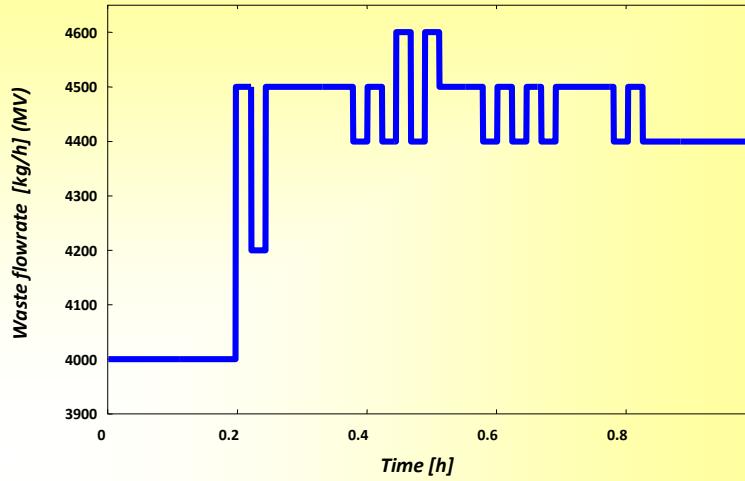
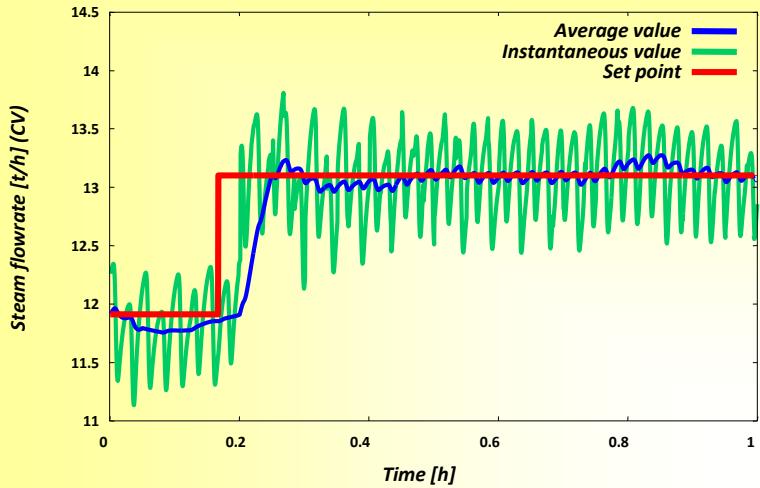
CPU time for a 1 min simulation interval	10% disturbance on the waste flowrate
Discontinuous model (132 DAE)	6.02 s
Continuous model (132 DAE)	2.26 s
Simplified continuous model (68 DAE)	0.54 s



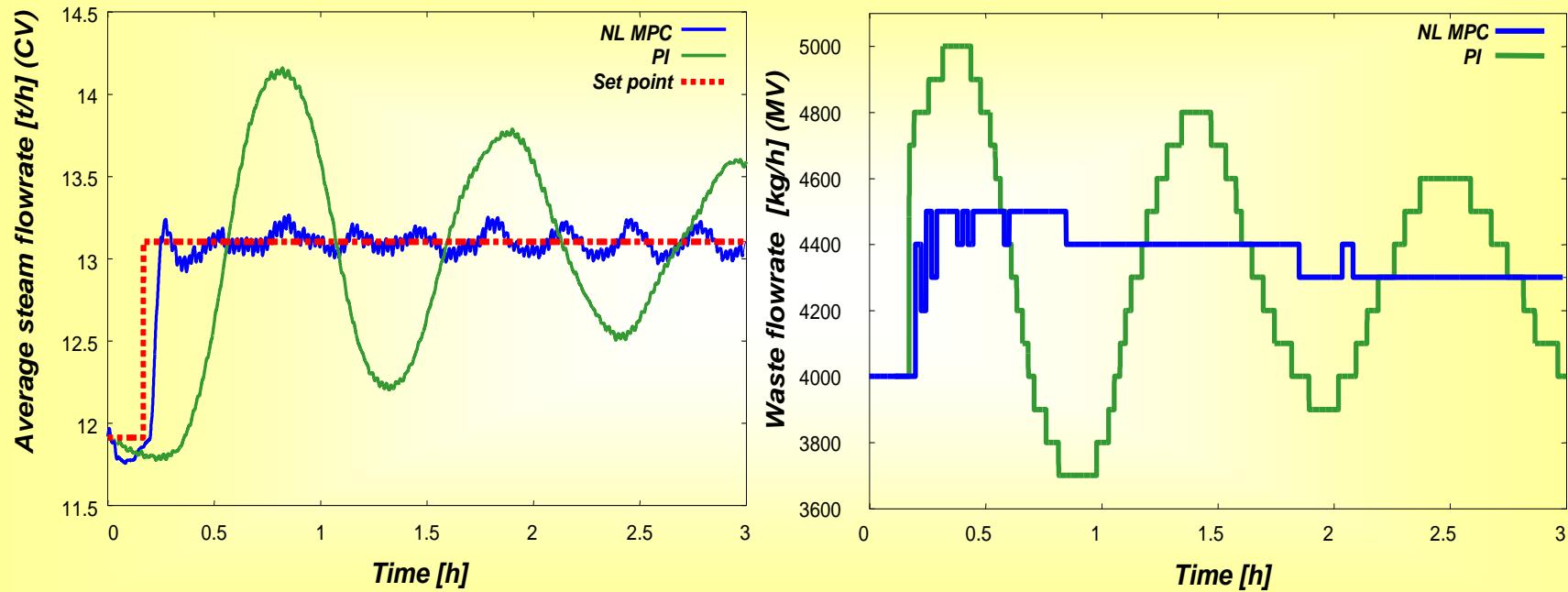
Same simulated average values but significantly reduced CPU times



NL MPC – Servo problem



NL MPC – Comparison with PI controller



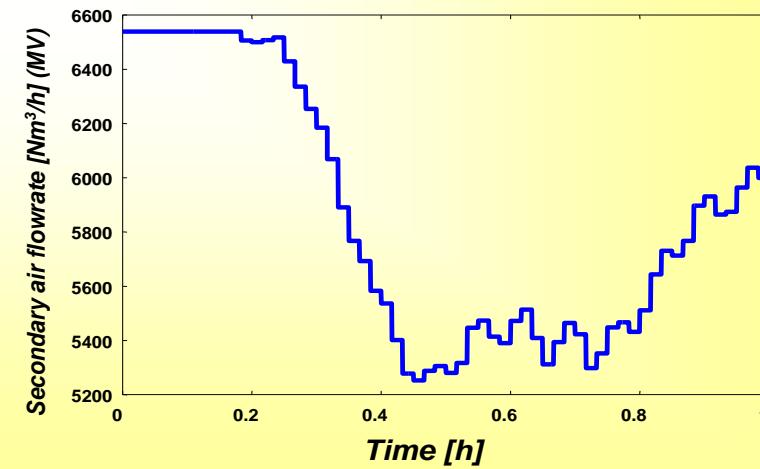
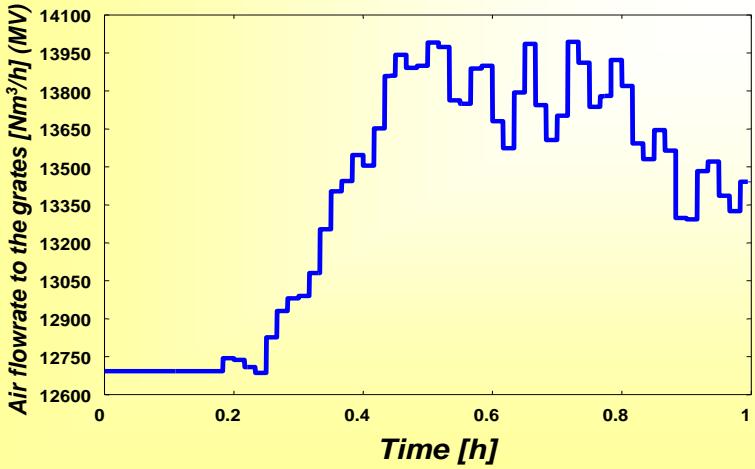
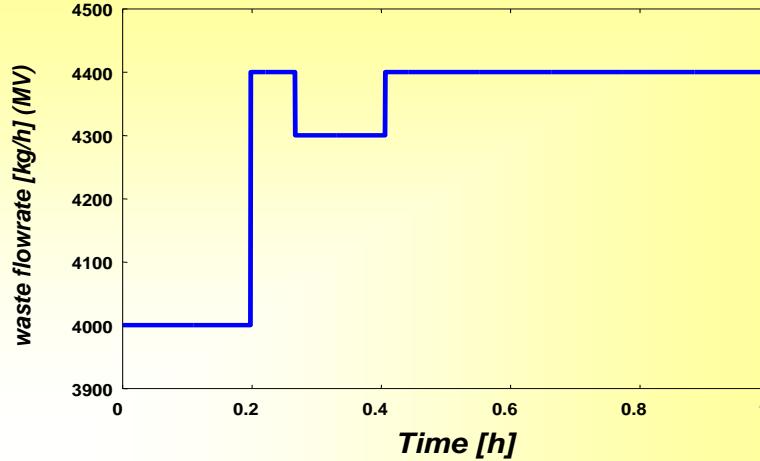
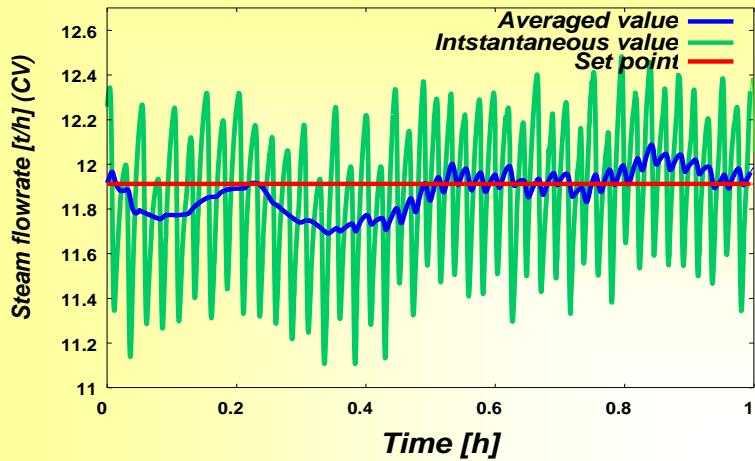
MPC Controller

- Faster control action
- Reduced oscillations of both the controlled and manipulated variables



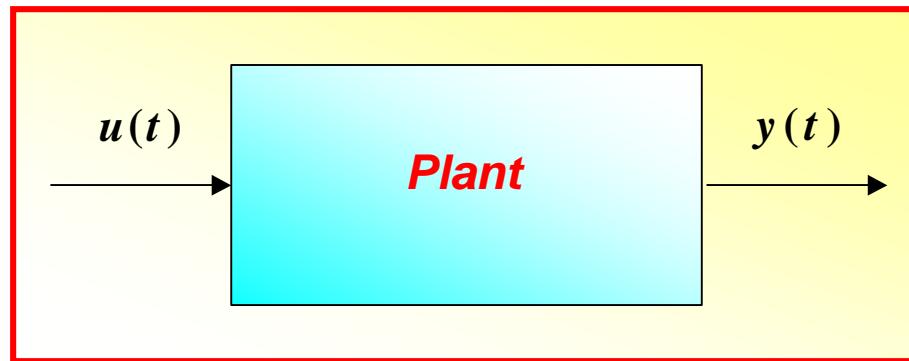


NL MPC – Regulator problem





Linear MPC – ARX model



ARX (Auto Regressive Model with Exogenous Input)

$$y_k + a_1 \cdot y_{k-1} + a_2 \cdot y_{k-2} + \dots + a_{na} \cdot y_{k-na} = b_1 \cdot u_{k-1} + b_2 \cdot u_{k-2} + \dots + b_{nb} \cdot u_{k-nb}$$

y_{k-i} NY *output* vector at time $(k-i)$

u_{k-j} NU *input* vector at time $(k-j)$

a_i Matrix of NY-NY *output* parameters at time $(k-i)$

b_j Matrix of NY-NU *input* parameters at time $(k-j)$

na Model order respect to the *outputs*

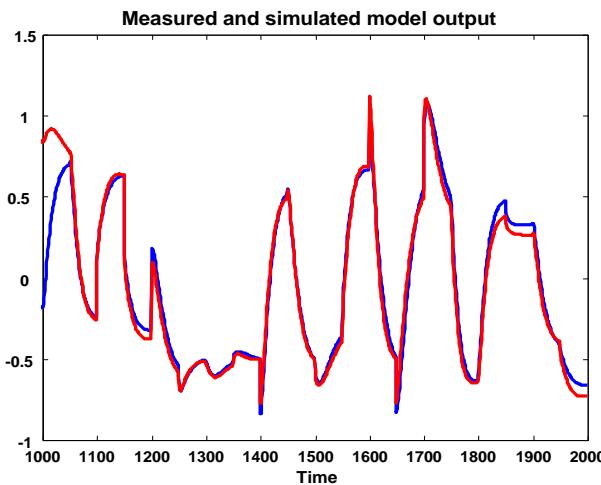
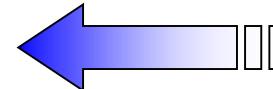
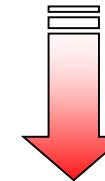
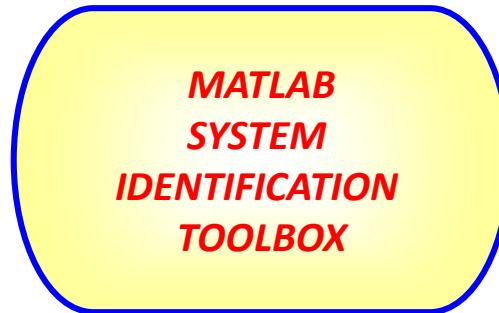
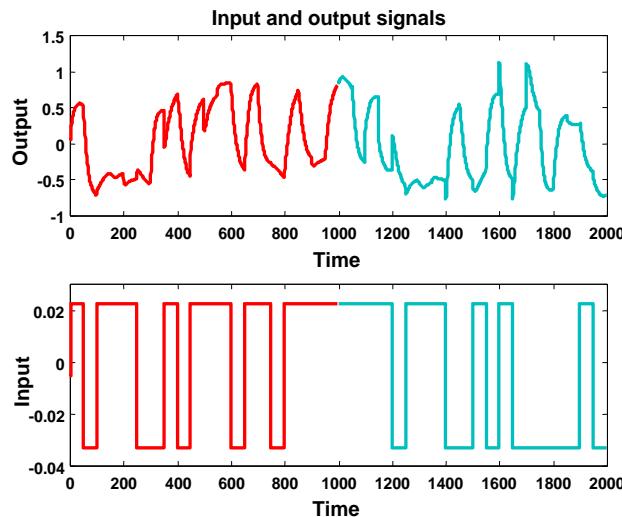
nb Model order respect to the *inputs*





Linear MPC – Identification procedure

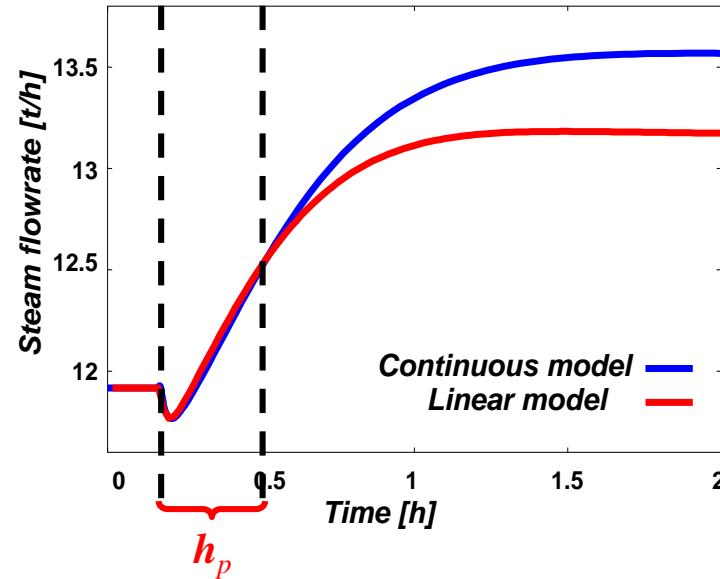
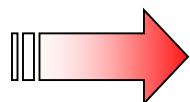
PRBS Input (Pseudo Random Binary Sequence)



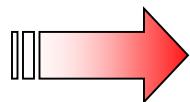


Linear MPC – Models comparison

Similar trends within the prediction horizon



CPU times get significantly reduced



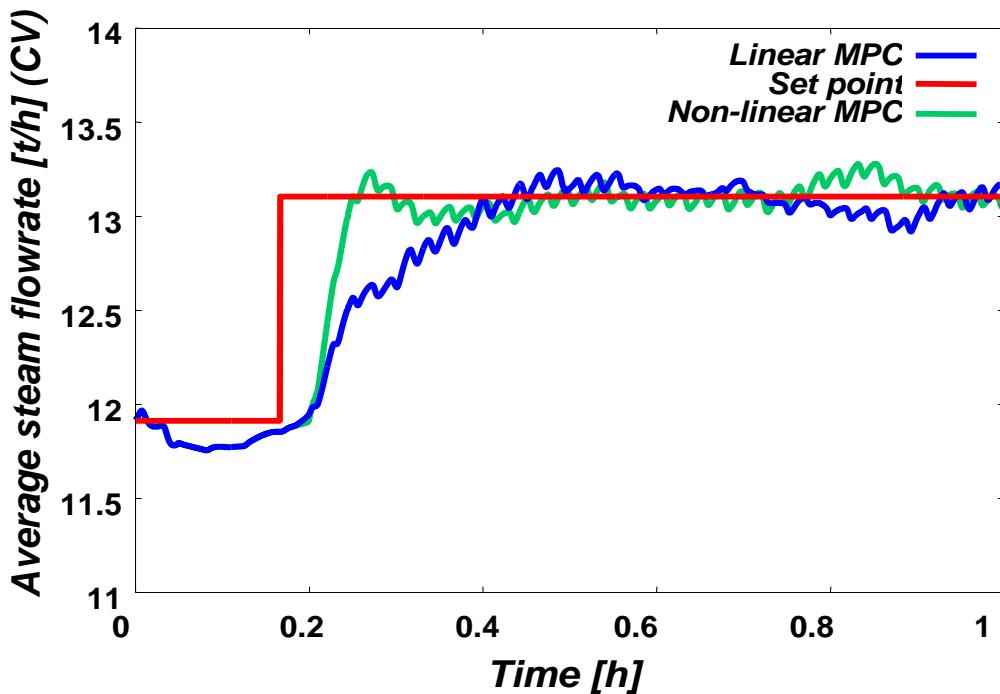
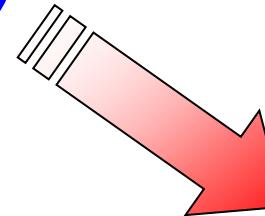
<i>CPU time for a 1 min simulation interval</i>	10% disturbance on the waste flowrate
Simplified continuous model (68 DAE)	0.54s
Linear model (ARX)	4.E-5s





Linear MPC – Servo problem

Comparison between linear and non-linear MPC



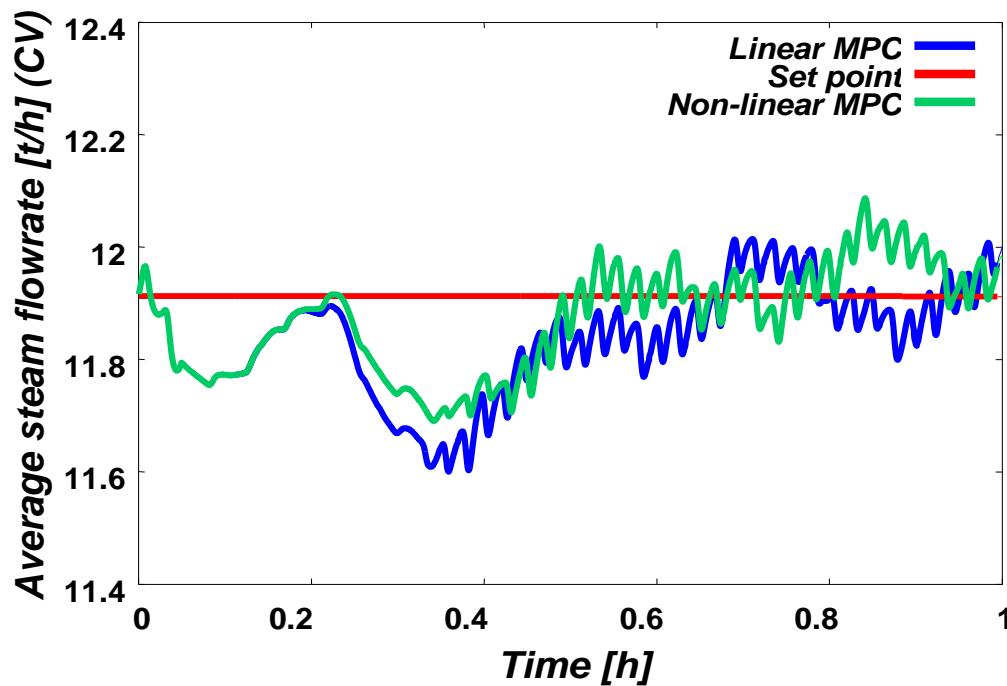
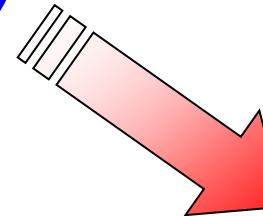
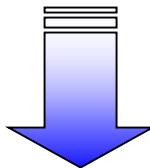
The non-linear MPC reaches the setpoint faster





Linear MPC – Regulator problem

Comparison between linear and non-linear MPC

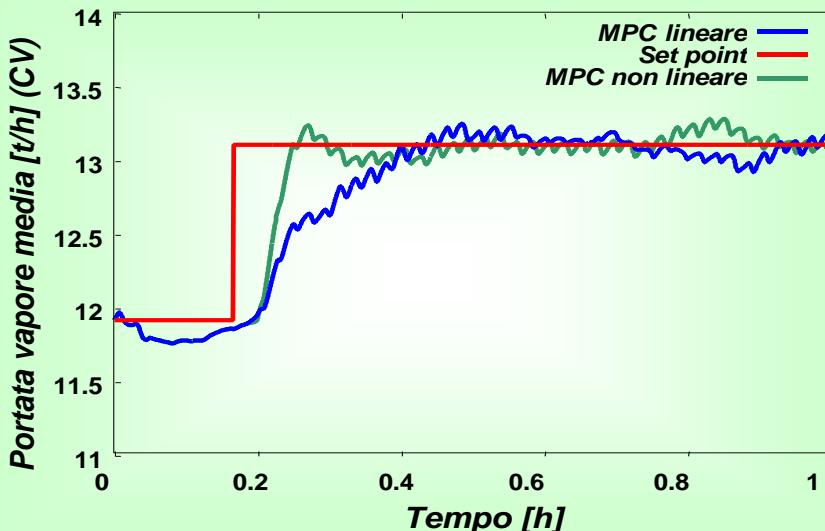


The non-linear MPC shows a smaller deviation from the setpoint





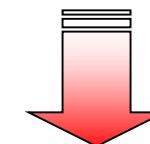
Conclusions



- The control efficiency is comparable
- The CPU time is shorter than the control time only for the linear MPC
- Higher robustness for the linear MPC

	<i>CPU time for a 20 min simulation of the whole plant</i>	<i>CPU time of the optimization procedure (600 F_{obj} calls)</i>
Non-linear MPC	0 . 65 [s]	390 . [s]
Linear MPC	7 . E-4 [s]	0 . 45 [s]

Optimization CPU time < t_c

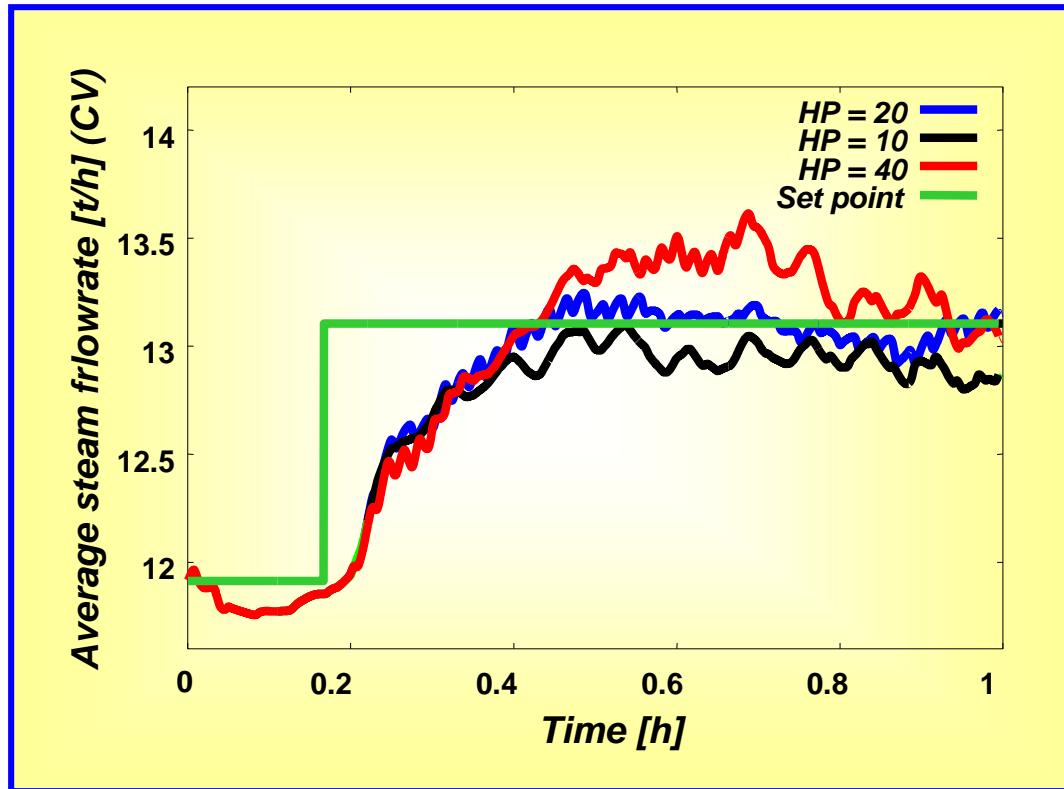


The implementation of the linear MPC on the real plant is viable





Linear MPC – Effect of varying h_p



Prediction horizon, h_p :

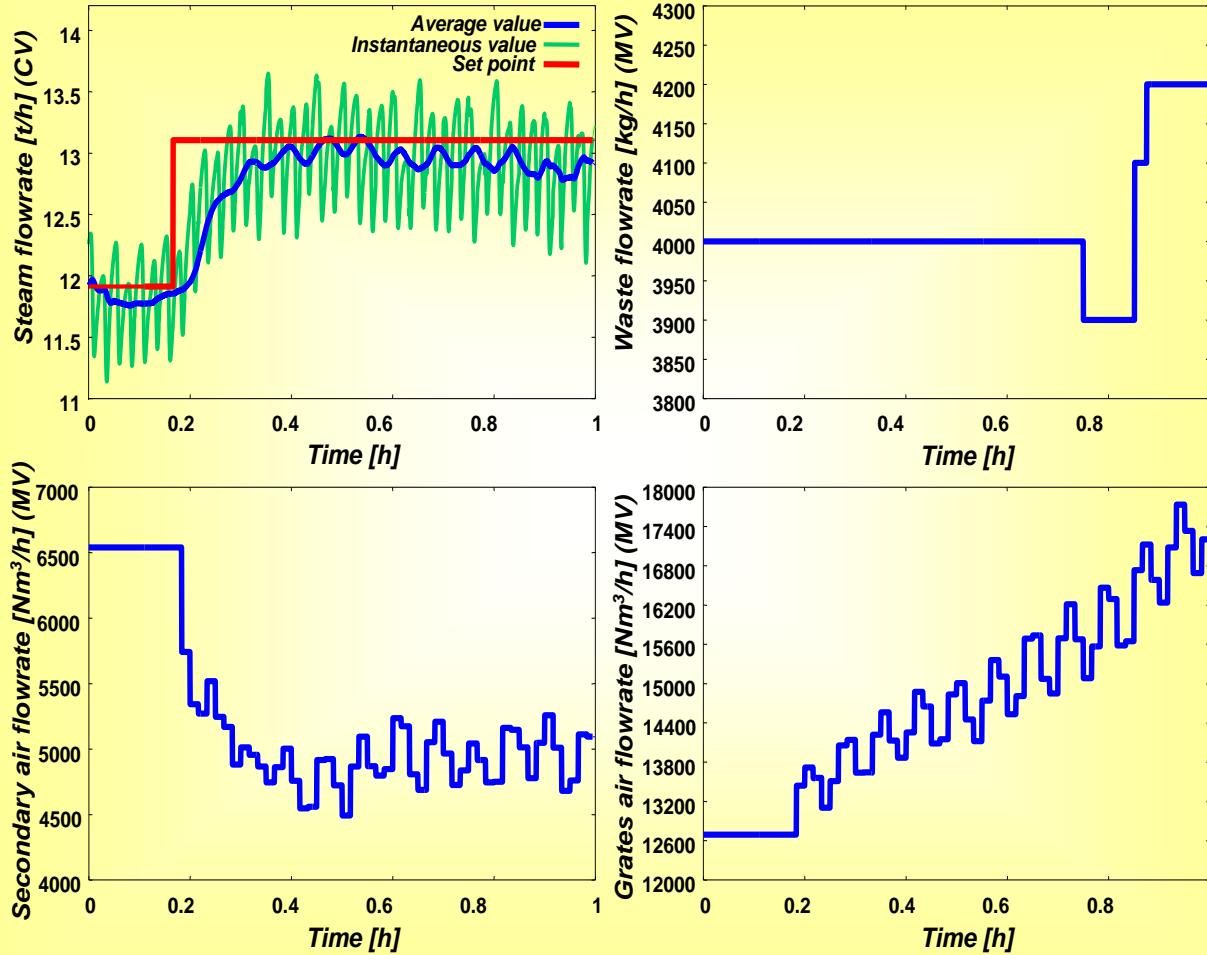
short: reduced predictive capability

long: the prediction becomes less realistic





Linear MPC – Effect of varying h_c



$h_c = 3$

Control horizon, h_c :

short:

*Few degrees of freedom.
Bolder actions from manipulated variables*

long:

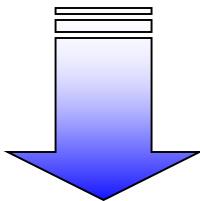
*Longer CPU time,
Smoother control action*



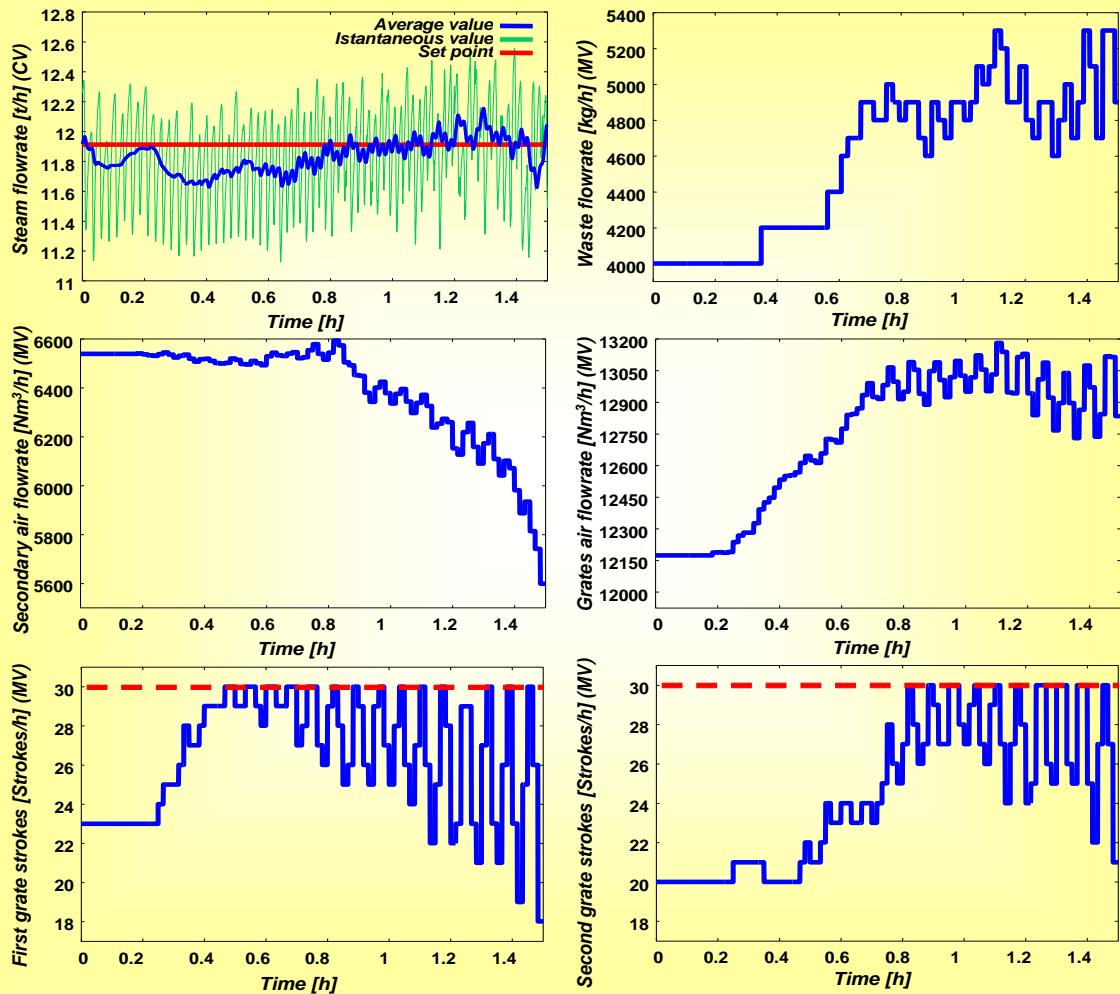


Linear MPC – Ringing

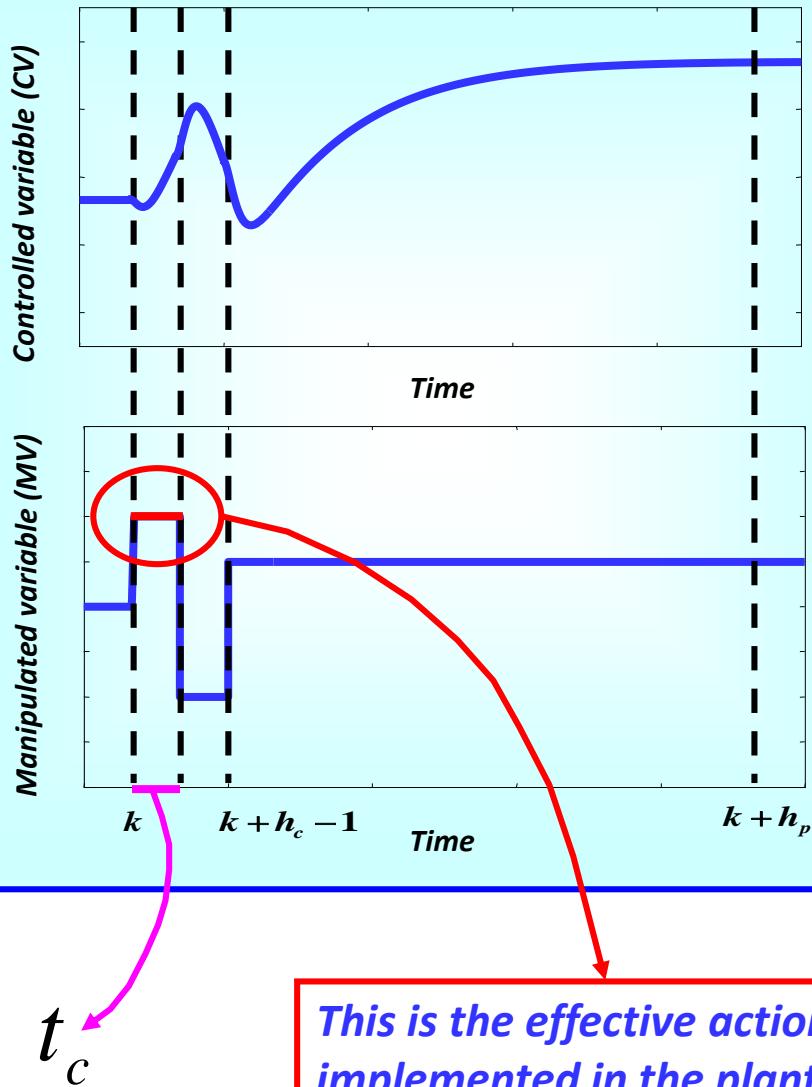
*Small weighs (ω_u)
on the
manipulated
variables*



*The controller becomes
nervous.
We can observe a
RINGING trend*



Linear MPC – Prediction and control horizon



t_c **Control time:**

Shorter than 1/10 of the characteristic time

$$h_c \leq h_p$$

h_p **high:**

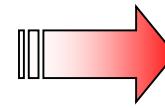
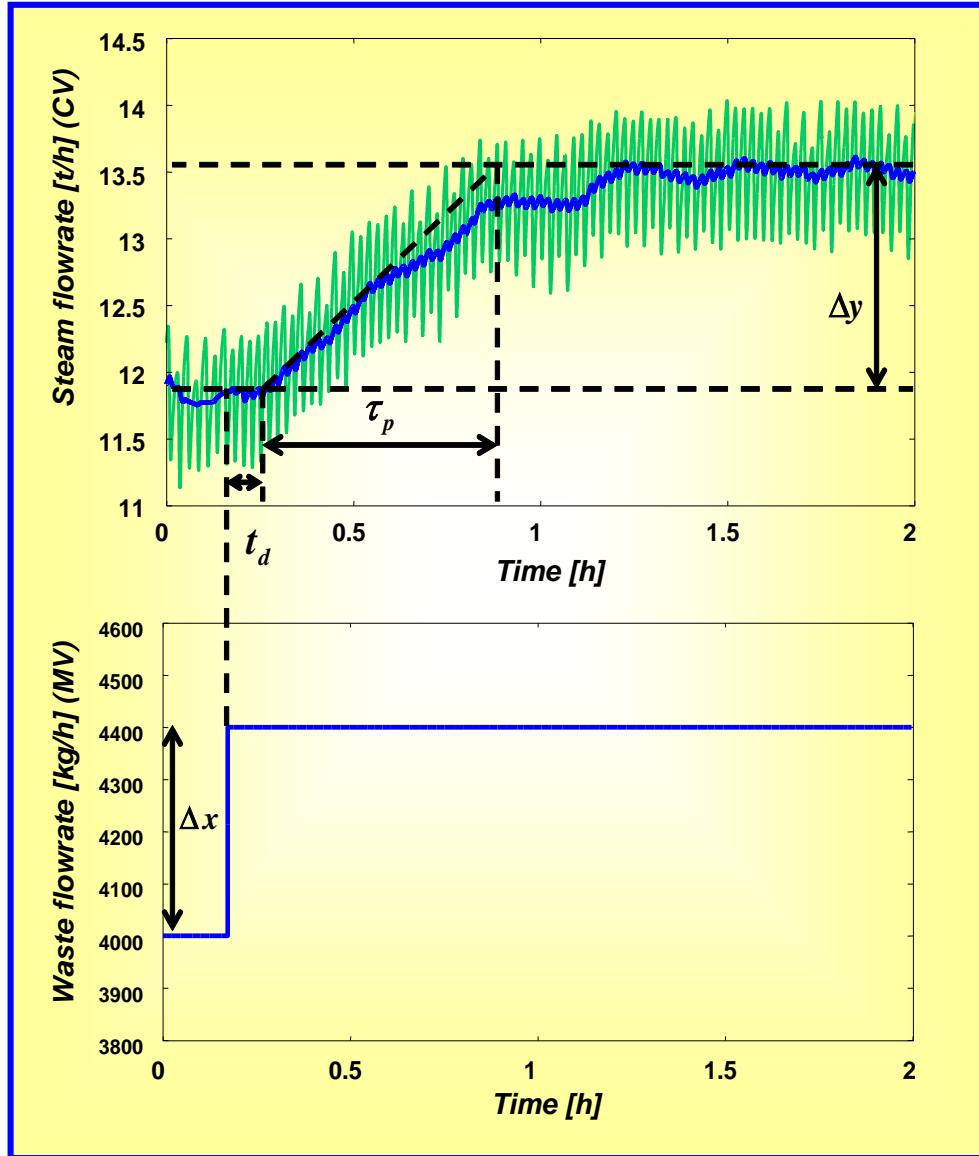
- **High predictive capability**

- **Significant role played by the model error**

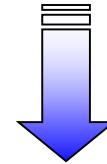
h_c **high :**

- **High number of d.o.f.**
- **Smoothen control actions**

MPC – Selection of the controller parameters



$$\tau_p + t_d \approx 40 \text{ min}$$

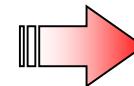
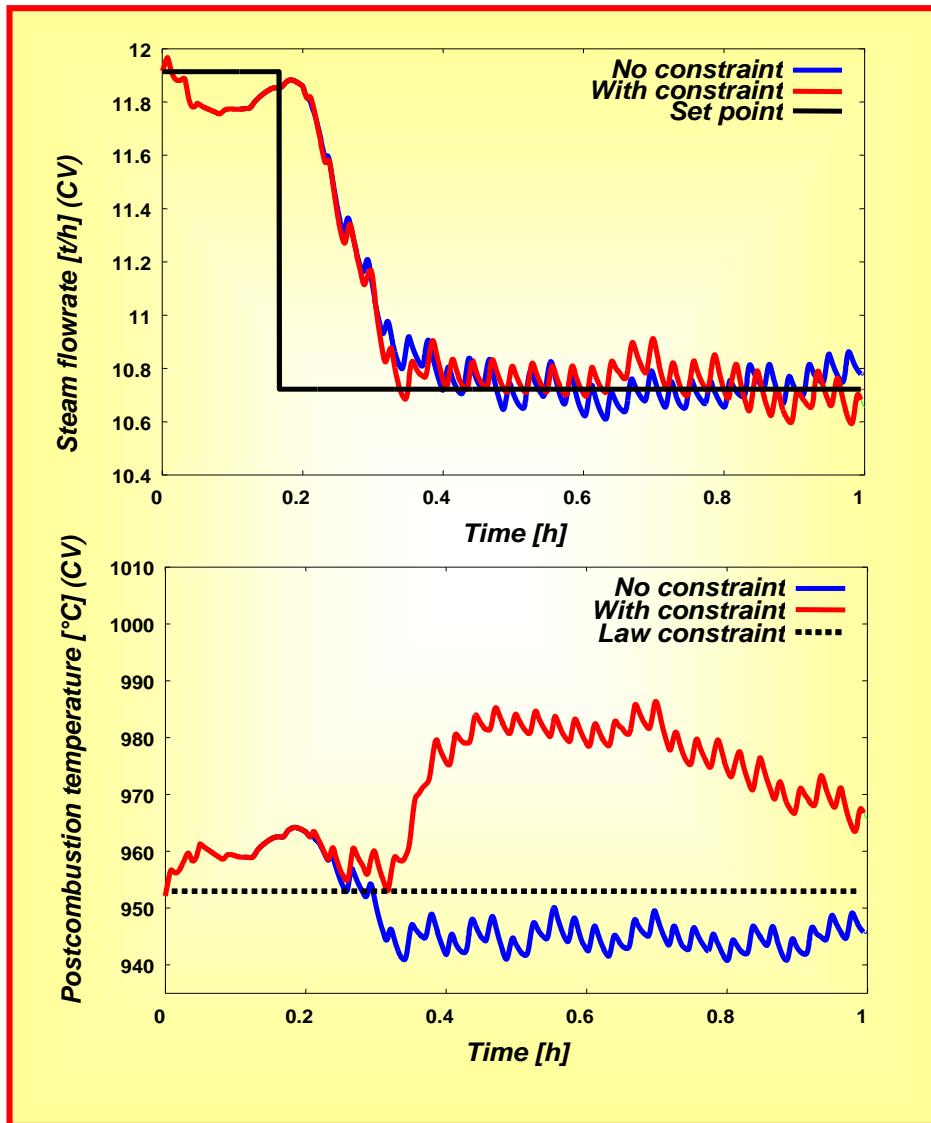


$$t_c = 1 \text{ min}$$

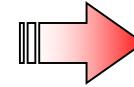
$$h_p = 20$$

$$h_c = 1$$

NL MPC – Constraints



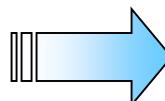
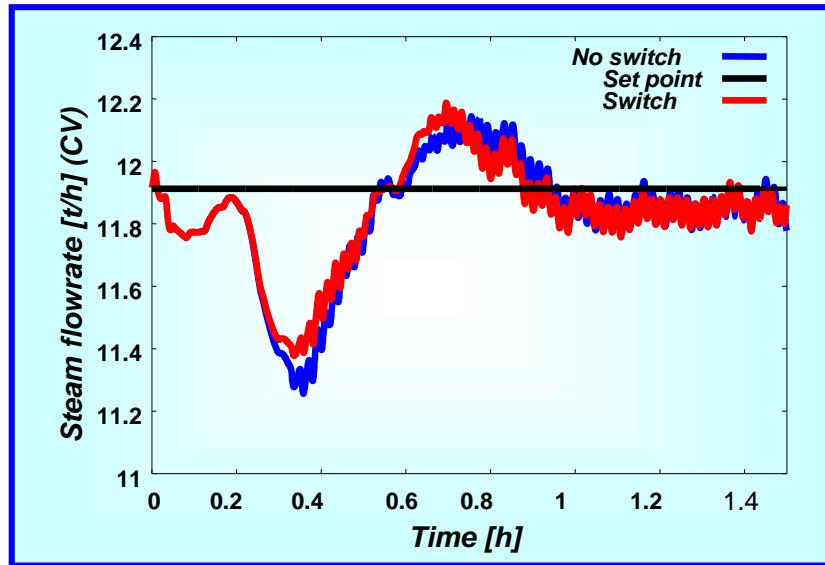
*Setpoint step change
of -10%*



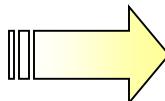
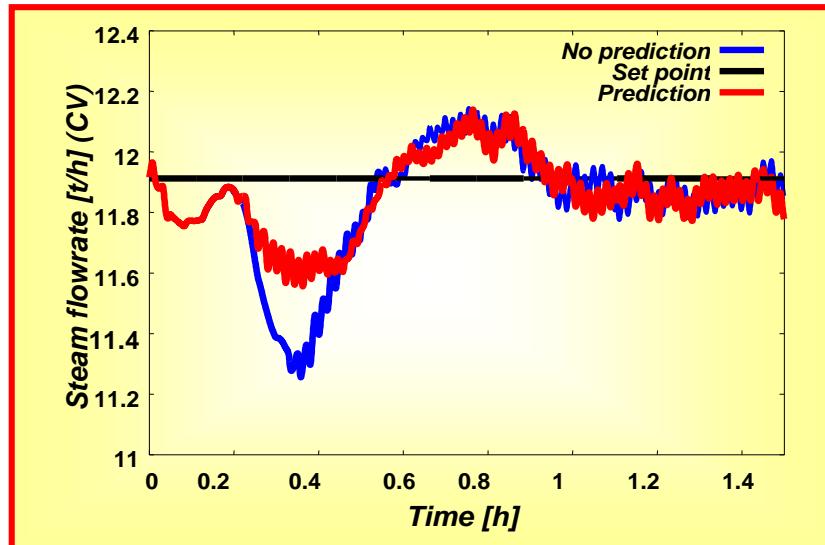
*Law constraint on the
outlet temperature from the
postcombustion chamber:
 $T > 950 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$*



Linear MPC – Heat of combustion



"Switch" between two ARX models identified according to two different waste heats of combustion



The waste heat of combustion is an input value of the ARX model

